

FORM PTO 1390
(REV 5-93)

US DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
2000_1292ATRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES
DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)
CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 USC 371U.S. APPLICATION NO.
(if known, see 37 CFR 1.51)
NEW 097646830International Application No.
PCT/JP00/00307International Filing Date
January 21, 2000Priority Date Claimed
January 22, 1999

Title of Invention

NETWORK CONTROL SYSTEM, AND CONTROLLER, TARGET, AND CONSUMER USED IN THE NETWORK CONTROL SYSTEM

Applicant(s) For DO/EO/US

Yoshifumi YANAGAWA et al.

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

1. ☒ This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 USC 371.
2. ☐ This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 USC 371.
3. ☒ This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 USC 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 USC 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).
4. ☐ A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
5. ☒ A copy of the International Application as filed (35 USC 371(c)(2))
 - a. ☐ is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☒ has been transmitted by the International Bureau. Attachment A
 - c. ☐ is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
6. ☒ A translation of the International Application into English (35 USC 371(c)(2)). Attachment B
7. ☐ Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 USC 371(c)(3)).
 - a. ☐ are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☐ have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. ☐ have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
 - d. ☐ have not been made and will not be made.
8. ☐ A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 USC 371(c)(3)).
9. ☒ An **unexecuted** oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 USC 371(c)(4)). Attachment C
10. ☐ A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 USC 371(c)(5)).

Items 11. to 16. below concern other document(s) or information included:

11. ☒ An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. Attachment D
12. ☐ An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
13. ☐ A **FIRST** preliminary amendment.
☐ A **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** preliminary amendment.
14. ☐ A substitute specification.
15. ☐ A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
16. ☐ Other items or information:

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (if known, see 37 CFR 1.5) NEW 09/646830		INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/JP00/00307		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 2000 1292A	
17. [X] The following fees are submitted				CALCULATIONS	PTO USE ONLY
BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5)): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO \$840.00 <input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) \$670.00 <input type="checkbox"/> No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but international search fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) \$690.00 <input type="checkbox"/> Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO \$970.00 <input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2)-33(4) \$ 96.00 ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =				\$840.00	
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).				\$	
Claims	Number Filed	Number Extra	Rate		
Total Claims	105 - 20 =	85	X \$18.00	\$1,530.00	
Independent Claims	24 - 3 =	21	X \$78.00	\$1,638.00	
Multiple dependent claim(s) (if applicable)			+ \$260.00	\$260.00	
TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =				\$4,268.00	
Reduction by 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Verified Small Entity Statement must also be filed. (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28)				\$	
SUBTOTAL =				\$4,268.00	
Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f)).				+	\$
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =				\$4,268.00	
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31) (\$40 per property).				+	\$
TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =				\$4,268.00	
				Amount to be refunded:	\$
				charged:	\$

THE COMMISSIONER IS AUTHORIZED
TO CHARGE AND DEPOSIT IN THE
FEE FOR THIS PAPER TO DEPOSIT
ACCOUNT NO. 23-0975.

09/646830

422 Rec'd PCT/PTO 22 SEP 2000

- a. ☒ A check in the amount of \$4,268.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed.
- b. ☐ Please charge my Deposit Account No. 23-0975 in the amount of \$_____ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- c. ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 23-0975. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

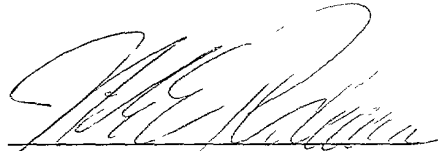
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.

SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:

WENDEROTH, LIND & PONACK
2033 K St., N.W., Suite 800
Washington, D.C. 20006

Telephone: (202) 721-8200
Facsimile: (202) 721-8250

By



Nils E. Pedersen
Registration No. 33,145

September 22, 2000
NEP/tf

Check No. 39958

2000_1292A

09/646830

422 Rec'd PCT/PTO 22 SEP 2000

ATTACHMENT B

00601" 0E894950

22 / pits.

1

09/646830

422 Rec'd PCT/PTO 22 SEP 2000.

DESCRIPTION

NETWORK CONTROL SYSTEM, AND CONTROLLER, TARGET, AND CONSUMER USED
IN THE NETWORK CONTROL SYSTEM

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to a network control system for controlling an audio video computer system (hereinafter referred to as "AVC system") comprising devices for handling video data, audio data, information data and the like, and a target, a controller, and a consumer used in this network control system. Especially, the invention relates to a mass data transmission/reception system for transmitting information for generating, on a screen, a graphical user interface (hereinafter referred to as "GUI") which supports user operation on the devices, by using graphics, texts and the like.

BACKGROUND ART

In recent years, a device control system, which displays graphics and icons comprising data and texts for display indicating the functions of the device on the TV screen, and controls the device by selectively controlling the graphics or icons with a remote controller of the TV, has come along. Further, a network system, which connects digital devices such as a digital VTR by using IEEE1394-1995, and exchanges video/audio

Hereinafter, such network control system will be described briefly.

Each AV device stores its own data for display. The AV device transmits the display data to a controller in response to a request from the controller having a graphic display function, such as a television receiver.

Further, the controller has the function of inquiring about data required for display of the connected AV device, and the function of controlling the display screen on the basis of the display data from the AV device.

Each AV device has a recording medium which stores the

The present invention is made to solve the above-described problems, and an object of the present invention is to provide a network control system that can transmit mass data such as icon data efficiently, rapidly, and reliably, and that can decide what is transmitted from the target even when the target spontaneously transmits it. Further, another object of the present invention

is to provide a controller, a target, and a consumer for the network control system.

DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

In order to solve the above-described problems, a network control system described in Claim 1 of the present invention is a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices includes either or both of at least one controller which transmits a message and at least one target which receives the message and performs processing according to the message; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller, the target, and an initiator for establishing a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection established by the initiator; and the target transmits data onto the connection by the second protocol according to the message received by the first protocol.

Since the network control system is constructed as described

006011-00394960

above, an appropriate protocol can be used for mass data such as icon data, resulting in rapid data transmission with high transmission efficiency.

A network control system described in Claim 2 of the present invention is a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices includes either or both of at least one controller which transmits a message and at least one target which receives the message and performs processing according to the message; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller, the target, and an initiator for establishing a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; the initiator establishes, before data transmission, a connection of the second protocol between the controller and the target; when the controller receives the data from the target, the controller makes a data request by the first protocol; the target transmits the data onto the connection by the second protocol according to the data request; and the controller receives the

00607" DEB 94960

data by the second protocol.

Since the network control system is so constructed, when a control code and mass data are transmitted, an appropriate protocol can be used for each transmission, resulting in satisfactory transmission efficiency. Further, since data transmission and control code transmission do not coexist in the same protocol, distinction between them is facilitated and, moreover, the processes performed by the controller and the target are simplified, resulting in increased processing speed.

A network control system described in Claim 3 of the present invention is a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices includes either or both of at least one target which receives a message and performs processing according to the message, and at least one controller which transmits the message and establishes a connection for data transmission with the target; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller and the target; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; the controller establishes, before data

006077-00000000

transmission, a connection of the second protocol to the target; when the controller receives the data from the target, the controller makes a data request by the first protocol; the target transmits the data onto the connection by the second protocol according to the data request; and the controller receives the data by the second protocol.

Since the network control system is so constructed, an appropriate protocol can be used for mass data, such as icon data, in the relatively simple construction, resulting in rapid data transmission with high transmission efficiency.

A network control system described in Claim 4 of the present invention is a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices includes either or both of at least one controller which transmits a message and at least one target which receives the message and performs processing according to the message; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller, the target, and an initiator for establishing a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission,

0064530-10900

and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; the initiator establishes, before data transmission, a connection by the second protocol between the controller and the target; the target spontaneously transmits data to the controller through the connection by the second protocol; and the controller receives the data by the second protocol.

Since the network control system is so constructed, rapid data transmission with high transmission efficiency is achieved. Further, since the target can spontaneously transmit data to the controller, the target can transmit mass data such as icon data by an appropriate protocol, and the controller can easily recognize the data transmission.

A network control system described in Claim 5 of the present invention is a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices includes either or both of at least one target which receives a message and performs processing according to the message, and at least one controller which transmits the message and establishes a connection for data transmission with the target; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller and the target; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting

006047 02897960

the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; the controller establishes, before data transmission, a connection of the second protocol to the target; the target spontaneously transmits data to the controller through the connection by the second protocol; and the controller receives the data by the second protocol.

Since the network control system is so constructed, rapid data transmission with high transmission efficiency is achieved. Further, since the target can spontaneously transmit data to the controller, the target can transmit mass data such as icon data by an appropriate protocol, and the controller can easily recognize the data transmission.

A network control system described in Claim 6 of the present invention is a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units: at least one controller which receives and transmits a message, at least one target which performs processing according to the message and includes at least one internal function control means, a consumer which receives data from the target, and an initiator which establishes a connection for data

005011-00000000

transmission between the target and the consumer; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller, the target, the consumer, and the initiator; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and when the internal function control means performs the data transmission, a connection management means in the target connects the output of the internal function control means to the connection of the second protocol, according to a request of the internal function control means.

Since the network control system is so constructed, an appropriate protocol can be used for mass data such as icon data, resulting in rapid data transmission with high transmission efficiency. Further, the initiator need not create an internal connection of the target, and the target can arbitrarily create its internal connection, whereby the target can change the internal connection according to the responsivity of each internal function control means to perform data transmission. As the result, the target can be designed with desired performance. Further, the internal connection of the target can be established as desired, plural internal function control means can share one connection of the second protocol, whereby the resources such as buffers and plugs which are needed for the second protocol are

A network control system described in Claim 7 of the present invention is a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In the network control system, each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units: at least one controller which receives and transmits a message, at least one target which performs processing according to the message and includes at least one internal function control means, a consumer which receives data from the target, and an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller, the target, the consumer, and the initiator; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and

A network control system described in Claim 7 of the present invention is a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In the network control system, each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units: at least one controller which receives and transmits a message, at least one target which performs processing according to the message and includes at least one internal function control means, a consumer which receives data from the target, and an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller, the target, the consumer, and the initiator; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and

message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and the target transmits data including an identifier which specifies the output source of the data, onto the connection, according to the second protocol.

In the network control system so constructed, since the target used in this system transmits the data including the identifier of the source of the data onto the connection by the second protocol, the consumer can easily identify the transmitted data by the identifier. That is, the consumer can receive desired data with reliability by the simple construction, and identify the data. Further, also when there are plural pieces of target internal function control means of the same kind or when the connection of the second protocol is shared by plural pieces of target internal function control means, the consumer can decide the transmitter with reliability by the simple construction.

A network control system described in Claim 8 of the present invention is a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units: at least one controller which receives and transmits a

006011-00000000

message, a target which performs processing according to the message, a consumer which receives data from the target, and an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller, the target, the consumer, and the initiator; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; the controller transmits an identifier which specifies the destination in the consumer, to the target, using the first protocol; and the target transmits the data including the identifier which indicates the destination and is received by the first protocol, onto the connection, using the second protocol.

In the network control system so constructed, since the data including the identifier indicating the destination information transmitted by the first protocol is transmitted through the connection of the second protocol, the data can be automatically distributed to an appropriate internal function control means even when the identity of the data is not clear. Therefore, when there are plural pieces of similar controller internal function control means or when the second protocol is shared by plural pieces of controller internal function control means, the data can be reliably transmitted to the destination by the simple

00646330-10900

construction.

A network control system described in Claim 9 of the present invention is a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units: at least one controller which receives and transmits a message, at least one target which performs processing according to the message and includes at least one internal function control means, a consumer which receives data from the target, and an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller, the target, the consumer, and the initiator; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; the controller transmits the message by the first protocol to a plug through which data is input and output to/from a desired internal function control means; and the target executes the process specified by the message directed to the plug.

In the network control system so constructed, the controller

transmits the message by the first protocol to the plug through which data is input and output to/from the internal function control means of the target, and the target operates according to this message. Thereby, the relationship between the connection of the second protocol and the message is defined and, further, the data flowing through the connection of the second protocol can be associated with the message. Further, since the message is transmitted to the plug, the target can easily select a controller for handling the data transmitted by using this plug, or the target can easily permit only control from a specific controller. Further, connection and disconnection of the internal connection of the target may be performed by the plug. Since the controller need not establish the connection inside the target, the construction of the network control system is simplified.

A network control system described in Claim 10 of the present invention is a network control system as described in any of Claims 1 to 9, wherein the message includes a message for confirming the data transmission by the second protocol.

In the network control system so constructed, since confirmation of data transmission by the second protocol and request for retransmission are performed by the first protocol, the data transmission by the second protocol can be reliably performed, whereby the reliability of the system can be improved. Further, even when normal transmission is not performed due to

006077-088966

errors not only in the transmission line but also in the controller or target, since the data is checked at both of the transmitter and receiver as described above, these errors can be detected, whereby normal transmission is assured.

A network control system described in Claim 11 of the present invention is a network control system as described in any of Claims 1 to 9, wherein the data transmitted by the second protocol includes version information, and the version of the data is managed by using the version information.

In the network control system so constructed, since the data transmitted by the second protocol has the version information and the version of the data is managed using the version information, the controller can always check the version information of the received data, whereby the controller can always use the latest data and, further, the reliability is improved. Furthermore, when the controller caches the data, it can easily decide whether the information in the function chart has been changed or not, according to the state change in the target. Therefore, the controller can cache the data easily and effectively.

A network control system described in Claim 12 of the present invention is a network control system as described in any of Claims 1 to 9, wherein the data transmitted by the second protocol is information about a graphical user interface which forces the controller to make a notification to the user.

005077-0287950

In the network control system so constructed, since the data to be transmitted by the second protocol is the GUI data which instructs the controller to make a forced message to the user, when something unusual occurs in the target, warning or the like by the GUI can be given to the user. Therefore, the user can get the state of the target precisely and speedily.

A network control system described in Claim 13 of the present invention is a network control system as described in any of Claims 1 to 9, wherein the data transmitted by the second protocol includes attribute information of the data.

In the network control system so constructed, since the data transmitted by the second protocol includes the identifier of the data, the controller can correctly recognize the data which is transmitted by the target using the second protocol, spontaneously or under control of the controller. Further, since the data transmitted by the second protocol includes the attribute information of the data, the controller can check the detail of the data transmitted by the target before checking the actual data section of the data. Thereby, the controller can refuse to receive data that cannot be displayed by the controller or it can discard such data immediately after reception, whereby the resources inside the controller such as memories can be utilized effectively.

A network control system described in Claim 14 of the present invention is a network control system as described in

In the network control system so constructed, since the attribute information includes the identifier, the size information, and the data section, the object is identified by the identifier, and the breaks of the data are defined by the size information, resulting in simple and high-speed processing. By making the attribute information common in this format, the processing for each object is simplified, and the system can easily cope with new attribute information. Further, a set of plural pieces of attribute information may be handled as one attribute information with the same effects as mentioned above.

A network control system described in Claim 15 of the present invention is a network control system as described in any of Claims 1 to 9, wherein the data transmitted by the second protocol is based on an object as a unit.

In the network control system so constructed, since the data transmitted by the second protocol is based on an object as a unit, large-size data can be divided into several objects for every function unit or display unit, whereby the data becomes resistive to errors during transmission and, further, the load on the controller or the target can be reduced.

A network control system described in Claim 16 of the present invention is a network control system as described in Claim 15, wherein the object has the same structure as attribute

information of the data transmitted by the second protocol.

In the network control system so constructed, since the object and the attribute information have the same structure, the controller can handle both of the object and the attribute information in the same processing, whereby the processing of the controller is reduced, resulting in speedup. Further, the system can cope with various kinds of objects and attribute information.

A network control system described in Claim 17 of the present invention is a network control system as described in Claim 15, wherein the object has an identifier, size information, and a data section.

In the network control system so constructed, since the object includes the identifier, the size information, and the data section, the object is identified by the identifier, and the breaks of data are defined by the size information, resulting in simple and high-speed processing. Further, by making the data common in this format, processing for each object is simplified, and the system can easily deal with a new object.

A network control system described in Claim 18 of the present invention is a network control system as described in Claim 15, wherein the object has attribute information in the data section.

In the network control system so constructed, since the object has the attribute information in the data section, the attribute information can be easily detected, whereby processing

00607-022950

A controller described in Claim 19 of the present invention is a controller used a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In the network control system, each of the devices includes either or both of at least one controller which transmits a message and at least one target which receives the message and performs processing according to the message; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller and the target; a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target is established by an initiator or the controller; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and the controller supports the plural protocols, transmits the message by the first protocol, and receives the data from the connection by the second protocol.

Therefore, a controller capable of transmitting mass data rapidly and with high transmission efficiency is provided.

A controller described in Claim 20 of the present invention is a controller used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in

which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices includes either or both of at least one controller which transmits a message and at least one target which receives the message and performs processing according to the message; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller and the target; a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target is established by an initiator or the controller; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and the controller supports the plural protocols, makes a data request by the first protocol, and receives the data transmitted according to the data request, from the connection, by the second protocol.

Since the controller is so constructed, when transmitting a control code and mass data, an appropriate protocol can be used as desired for each transmission, whereby a controller minimizing waste and providing satisfactory transmission efficiency is obtained.

A controller described in Claim 21 of the present invention is a controller used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in

which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices includes either or both of at least one controller which transmits a message and at least one target which receives the message and performs processing according to the message; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller and the target; a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target is established by an initiator or the controller; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and the controller supports the plural protocols, establishes the connection to the target before data transmission, makes a data request by the first protocol when receiving data, and receives the data transmitted according to the data request, from the connection, by the second protocol.

Since the controller is so constructed, an appropriate protocol can be used for mass data such as icon data, resulting in a controller capable of performing rapid data transmission with high transmission efficiency.

A controller described in Claim 22 of the present invention is a controller used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in

which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices includes either or both of at least one controller which transmits a message and at least one target which receives the message and performs processing according to the message; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller and the target; a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target is established by an initiator or the controller; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and the controller supports the plural protocols, and receives the data which is transmitted onto the connection spontaneously by the target using the second protocol.

Therefore, a controller capable of performing rapid data transmission with high transmission efficiency is obtained.

A controller described in Claim 23 of the present invention is a controller used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system,

each of the devices includes either or both of at least one controller which transmits a message and at least one target which receives the message and performs processing according to the message; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller and the target; a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target is established by an initiator or the controller; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and the controller supports the plural protocols, establishes the connection of the second protocol to the target before data transmission, and receives the data which is transmitted onto the connection spontaneously by the target using the second protocol.

Therefore, a controller capable of performing rapid data transmission with high transmission efficiency is obtained.

A controller described in Claim 24 of the present invention is a controller used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units: at least one controller which receives and transmits a

00607T 00094950

message, a target which performs processing according to the message, a consumer which receives data from the target, and an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; the network control system comprises, at least, the target which transmits data including an identifier indicating the destination and received by the first protocol, onto the connection, using the second protocol, the controller, the consumer, and the initiator; and the controller transmits the identifier indicating the destination in the consumer, to the target, using the first protocol.

When the controller so constructed is used in the network control system, the data can be automatically distributed to an appropriate internal function control means even when the identity of the data is not clear. Therefore, when there are plural pieces of similar controller internal function control means or when the second protocol is shared by plural pieces of controller internal function control means, the data can be reliably transmitted to the destination by the simple construction.

A controller described in Claim 25 of the present invention is a controller used in a network control system for transmitting

data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units: at least one controller which receives and transmits a message, at least one target which performs processing according to the message and includes at least one internal function control means, a consumer which receives data from the target, and an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; the network control system comprises, at least, the target which executes the process specified by the message directed to a plug through which data is input and output to/from a desired internal function control means, the controller, the consumer, and the initiator; and the controller transmits the message to the plug by the first protocol.

When the controller so constructed is used in the network control system, the relationship between the connection of the second protocol and the message is defined and, further, the data flowing through the connection of the second protocol can be

00646830 "110900

A target described in Claim 26 of the present invention is a target used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices includes either or both of at least one controller which transmits a message and at least one target which receives the message and performs processing according to the message; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller and the target; a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target is established by an initiator or the controller; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data

A target described in Claim 26 of the present invention is a target used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices includes either or both of at least one controller which transmits a message and at least one target which receives the message and performs processing according to the message; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller and the target; a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target is established by an initiator or the controller; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data

transmission onto the connection; and the target supports the plural protocols, and transmits the data onto the connection by the second protocol according to the message received by the first protocol.

Therefore, a target capable of transmitting mass data rapidly and with high transmission efficiency is obtained.

A target described in Claim 27 of the present invention is a target used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices includes either or both of at least one controller which transmits a message and at least one target which receives the message and performs processing according to the message; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller and the target; a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target is established by an initiator or the controller; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and the target supports the plural protocols, and transmits the data onto the connection by the second protocol, according to a data request from the

006071 0224960

controller by the first protocol.

Since the target is so constructed, when a control code and mass data are transmitted, an appropriate protocol can be used as desired for each transmission, resulting in a target minimizing waste and providing satisfactory transmission efficiency.

A target described in Claim 28 of the present invention a target used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices includes either or both of at least one controller which transmits a message and at least one target which receives the message and performs processing according to the message; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller and the target; a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target is established by an initiator or the controller; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and the target has the plural protocols, and spontaneously transmits the data onto the connection by the second protocol.

Therefore, a target capable of performing rapid data

00607 0034960

A target described in Claim 29 of the present invention is a target used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units: at least one controller which receives and transmits a message, at least one target which performs processing according to the message and includes at least one internal function control means, a consumer which receives data from the target, and an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller, the target, the consumer, and the initiator; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and, in the target, when the internal function control means performs the data transmission, a connection management means in the target connects the output of the internal function control means to the connection of the second protocol, according to a request from the internal function control means.

Since the target is so constructed, the initiator need not create an internal connection of the target, and the target can arbitrarily create its internal connection, whereby the target can change the internal connection according to the responsivity of each internal function control means to perform data transmission. As the result, the target can be designed with desired performance. Further, the internal connection of the target can be established as desired, plural internal function control means can share one connection of the second protocol, whereby the resources such as buffers and plugs which are needed for the second protocol are utilized effectively. As the result, the construction of the target is simplified, and the processing inside the target is simplified, resulting in reduced load on the target. Furthermore, since only one connection is needed even when controlling the target having plural internal function control means, the construction and processing of the controller can be simplified. Moreover, even when a device having a new function comes on, this target can cope with it, and the consumer and the controller can easily support this target.

A target described in Claim 30 of the present invention is a target used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In the network control system, each

of the devices comprises at least one of the following units: at least one controller which receives and transmits a message, at least one target which performs processing according to the message and includes at least one internal function control means, a consumer which receives data from the target, and an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller, the target, the consumer, and the initiator; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and the target transmits data including an identifier which specifies the output source of the data, onto the connection, by the second protocol.

When the target so constructed is used in the network control system, the consumer as a component of this network control system can easily identify the data transmitted. That is, the consumer can reliably receive desired data by relatively simple construction, and identify the data. Further, when there are plural pieces of target internal function control means of the same kind or when the connection of the second protocol is shared by plural pieces of target internal function control means, the transmitter can be decided reliably by simple construction.

A target described in Claim 31 of the present invention is a

target used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units: at least one controller which receives and transmits a message, a target which performs processing according to the message, a consumer which receives data from the target, and an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller which transmits an identifier indicating the destination in the consumer by the first protocol, the target, the consumer, and the initiator; and the target transmits data including the identifier indicating the destination and received by the first protocol, onto the connection, by the second protocol.

When the target so constructed is used in the network control system, the data can be automatically distributed to an appropriate internal function control means even when the identity of the data is not clear. Therefore, when there are

0064630-10900

plural pieces of similar controller internal function control means or when the second protocol is shared by plural pieces of controller internal function control means, the data can be reliably transmitted to the destination by the simple construction.

A target described in Claim 32 of the present invention is a target used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In this network control system, each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units: at least one controller which receives and transmits a message, at least one target which performs processing according to the message and includes at least one internal function control means, a consumer which receives data from the target, and an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller which transmits the message by the first protocol to a plug through which data is input and output to/from a desired internal

005011-0289950

function control means, the target, the consumer, and the initiator; and the target executes the process specified by the message directed to the plug.

When the target so constructed is used in the network control system, the relationship between the connection of the second protocol and the message is defined and, further, the data flowing through the connection of the second protocol can be associated with the message. Further, since the message is transmitted to the plug, the target can easily select a controller for handling the data transmitted by using this plug, or the target can easily permit only control from a specific controller. Further, connection and disconnection of the internal connection of the target may be performed by the plug. Since the controller need not establish the connection inside the target, the construction of the network control system is simplified.

A consumer described in Claim 33 of the present invention is a consumer used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line. In the network control system, each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units: the consumer, at least one controller which receives and transmits a message, a target which performs processing according to the

006011-02394950

message, and an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer; the network control system comprises, at least, the controller, the target, the consumer, and the initiator; the plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and the consumer receives data including an identifier identifying the destination in the consumer, which data is transmitted by the target onto the connection by the second protocol and received from the controller by the first protocol.

Since the consumer is so constructed, the consumer which has received the data can easily and rapidly decide an internal function control means inside the consumer to which the received data is to be transmitted, whereby the data can be automatically transmitted to an appropriate internal function control means even when the identity of the data is not clear. Therefore, when there are plural pieces of similar controller internal function control means or when the second protocol is shared by plural pieces of controller internal function control means, the data can be reliably transmitted to the destination by the simple construction.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

00646330-110900

Figure 1 is a system configuration diagram illustrating an example of a network control system according to a first embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 2 is a block diagram illustrating a target in the network control system according to the first embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 3 is a block diagram illustrating a controller in the network control system according to the first embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 4(a) is a system configuration diagram in the case where an initiator according to the first embodiment of the present invention is present, and figure 4(b) is a system configuration diagram in the case where the initiator according to the first embodiment of the present invention is absent.

Figure 5 is a diagram illustrating the configuration of a function chart according to the first embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 6 is a diagram for explaining a protocol according to the first embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 7 is a flow chart illustrating the operation of the controller according to the first embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 8 is a flow chart illustrating the operation of the target according to the first embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 9 is a diagram for explaining the protocol when

00607T 00000000

transmission is confirmed, according to the first embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 10(a) is a diagram illustrating the configuration of display elements according to the first embodiment of the present invention, and figure 10(b) is a diagram illustrating the configuration of attribute information according to the first embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 11 is a diagram illustrating the configuration of display data according to the first embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 12 is a diagram illustrating an example of a function chart according to the first embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 13 is a diagram illustrating an example of display on the screen of the controller according to the first embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 14 is a diagram for explaining the example of the function chart according to the first embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 15 is a system configuration diagram illustrating an example of a network control system according to a second embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 16 is a block diagram illustrating a target in the network control system according to the second embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 17 is a block diagram illustrating a controller in

Figure 18(a) is a system configuration diagram in the case where an initiator according to the second embodiment of the invention is present, figure 18(b) is a system configuration diagram in the case where the initiator according to the second embodiment of the invention is absent, and figure 18(c) is a system configuration diagram including a consumer according to the second embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 19 is a diagram illustrating the relationship between a controller creating a connection, and a target, according to the second embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 20 is a diagram illustrating the relationship between a controller creating a connection, and a target having a plurality of internal function control means, according to the second embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 21 is a diagram illustrating the relationship between controllers creating connections, and a target having a plurality of internal function control means.

Figure 22 is a diagram for explaining a protocol according to the second embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 23 is a flowchart illustrating the operation of the controller according to the second embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 24 is a flowchart illustrating the operation of the

target according to the second embodiment of the present invention.

BEST MODE TO EXECUTE THE INVENTION

Hereinafter, embodiments of network control systems according to the present invention will be described with reference to the drawings. These embodiments described hereinafter are merely examples, and the present invention is not restricted thereto.

As a network construction of an AVC system utilizing a network control system described hereinafter, for example, a construction comprising video/audio/information devices as shown in figure 1 is considered. A "target" described in this specification is an object to be controlled, and a "controller" is a device for controlling the object to be controlled. Further, a "consumer" is a device for receiving data from the target, and an "initiator" is a device for creating a connection based on of a second protocol between the target and the consumer. Further, in this specification, video/audio/information devices are called "device", and these devices include not only existing video/audio/information devices such as printers and minidisks but also devices relating to these fields which will be developed in the future. An arbitrary combination of a target, a controller, a consumer, and an initiator may coexist in one device, or only one of them may exist in one device. Further,

00507"028960

one device may include plural controllers, plural targets, plural consumers, and plural initiators.

Further, each device corresponds to one node on the transmission line, and it may be constructed such that plural nodes are included in one body.

When one device includes plural targets, or when one device has different functions, or when one device has plural targets, controllers, consumers, or initiators, the respective constituents, i.e., targets, controllers, consumers, or initiators, described hereinafter may be shared with another function or means.

"Plugs" in the following description indicate openings for inputting and outputting data, and these plugs are logical plugs. For example, these plugs possess respective plug numbers so that they are distinguished from each other with the plug numbers. Further, these plug numbers may be constructed by one-to-one correspondence with IO (Input/Output) addresses or the like.

(Embodiment 1)

Initially, a description will be given of a network of an AVC system utilizing a network control system according to the present invention, with reference to the drawings.

Figure 1 is a diagram illustrating an example of a system construction according to a first embodiment of the invention. In this first embodiment, 21 denotes a TV, 22 denotes a remote

006077 00894960

The TV 21 is a device comprising a controller and a target (in this case, a ground wave tuner and a video monitor), and the user gives an instruction to a display/function selection means 14 by using the remote controller 22.

Each of the TV 21 and the PC 23 is defined as a device in which the target and the controller are united. Amongst the target functions in the device, the functions accessible from another device are written in a function chart 8 described later, but the device does not enter its own functions in a function

data base 13 of the controller in the device. The reason will be described later in the description for the controller.

The TV 21 or the PC 23 may be defined as a device comprising a target and a controller and having a function chart 8 for each target in the device. In this case, each function chart 8 of the device may be entered in a function data base 13 of the controller in the device which will be described later.

The DVD 31 and the DVC movie 34 are targets capable of recording and playing AV data. Further, the DVC 32 and the DVHS 33 are device each comprising a target capable of recording and playing AV data, and a target having a digital broadcasting tuner function. The STB 35 is a target having a tuner function for receiving CS digital broadcasting.

Although the DVD 31, the DVC 32, the DVHS 33, the DVC movie 34, and the STB 35 are described as targets, each of them may be a device comprising a controller and a target as long as it realizes an environment for controlling another target with a liquid crystal panel or the like regardless of the size of the device, and it permits the user to select the function of another target with a touch panel or a remote controller.

Further, each of the above-described devices constituting the AVC system may be constructed such that it has the function as a controller and includes a remote controller, only the display and audio are shown on a monitor by analog connection or the like, and the user controls the device with the remote

006077" 08894960

controller while watching the monitor screen. In this case, the device may be a device including a controller and a target.

Hereinafter, a description will be given of a target used for the network control system for the AVC system so constructed, with reference to the drawings.

Figure 2 is a block diagram of a target included in the network control system according to the first embodiment. Hereinafter, constituents of the target and the operations of the respective constituents will be described.

In figure 2, 1 denotes a transmission line, 2 denotes a packet transmission/reception means, 3 denotes a synchronous data transmission/reception means, 4 denotes a target signal processing means, 5 denotes an asynchronous data transmission/reception means, 6 denotes a first protocol processing means, 7 denotes device construction information, 8 denotes a function chart, 9 denotes an inside-of-device control means, 15 denotes a read only memory (ROM) in which a part of the function chart 8 is placed, 16 denotes a random access memory (RAM) in which a part of the function chart 8 is placed, 17 denotes a function information management means, and 18 denotes a second protocol transmission means.

The transmission line 1 is, for example, a serial bus (1394 bus) defined by the IEEE1394 standard (IEEE1394-1995 and upper standard having compatibility with this). The transmission line 1 is not necessarily the 1394 bus, and it may be an ATM, the

Next, the packet transmission/reception means 2 physically and electrically interfaces with the transmission line 1, and performs arbitration of the right to use the bus, cycle control for synchronous transmission, and the like. Further, the packet transmission/reception means 2 selects a packet on the transmission line 1 according to its destination, and transmits the packet onto the transmission line 1.

The target signal processing means 4 receives synchronous data from the synchronous data transmission/reception means 3, and performs signal processing according to the target. For example, when the target is a recording/playback device such as a DVC, it records the synchronous data on a recording medium such as a magnetic tape. Further, the target signal processing means 4 takes the synchronous data from a recording medium, a broadcast wave or the like, and transmits it to the synchronous data

4 takes the synchronous data from a recording medium, a broadcast wave or the like, and transmits it to the synchronous data

transmission/reception means 3.

The asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5 performs transaction of the asynchronous data according to the transmission line 1. For example, when the transmission line 1 is the 1394 bus, the asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5 performs read transaction, write transaction, locked transaction or the like. The asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5 may be constituted by software. The asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5 may transmit or receive an acknowledge signal to a request (e.g., read request) or a response (e.g., read response), amongst these transactions. However, this acknowledge signal is omitted in the description of the invention.

The first protocol processing means 6 processes the asynchronous data (message) supplied from the asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5, and transmits it to an appropriate constituent of the target, and responds to the controller according to the first protocol.

When using, as the first protocol, the AV/C command (Audio/Video Control Digital Interface Command Set) which is discussed in the FCP and the 1394 TA (1394 Trade Association) of the AV protocol (IEC61883) standard, the first protocol processing means 6 operates so as to convert the received message to a message available in the target, and respond to the received message according to the first protocol. For example, when the

00501-003490

received message is a request for data, the first protocol processing means 6 judges its effectiveness, and when it is effective, the means 6 acknowledges the receipt of the message to the controller and, simultaneously, instructs the inside-of-device control means 9 to execute the function corresponding to the request of data.

Further, the first protocol processing means 6 can transmit asynchronous data (message) and, at this time, the means 6 converts the message available in the target to the message to be used in the first protocol, and waits for a response to the message to understand it. In this case, when the controller requests to read the device configuration information 7, the asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5 transmits the information written in the device construction information 7 to the controller according to the received request.

The asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5 and the first protocol processing means 6 may be constructed as one means.

The device configuration information 7 indicates the information about the configuration of the device. As for the method of describing the information 7, for example, it may be described according to the rule indicated by the configuration ROM of the CSR (Command and Status Registers) architecture indicated by the ISO/IEC13213:1994 standard. When using the 1394 bus, the device configuration information 7 includes a unit directory including information about the bus corresponding to

The target information is, for example, the kind of protocol or command supported by the target, the target type obtained by coding the type of the target, the version information of the target, etc.

The target information may include information indicating the feature of the function chart 8 described later, in addition to those mentioned above, and the support level, size, and the like of the function chart 8 may be described as unique information. Thereby, before the controller reads the information of the function chart 8, the controller itself can decide whether the function chart 8 is in the supportable level or not or how large memory space should be reserved, whereby needless transmission can be avoided.

Further, the target information may include user interface information of the target. The user interface information may be

the target name expressed by a character string, the model name that is the model number of the product indicated by a character string by the maker, a still-picture object indicating the target such as an icon of the target, etc.

Hereinafter, the function chart 8 will be described. The function chart 8 is a chart showing the operation display information for constituting the operation display of the target mentioned above, that is, the information showing the functions and states of the target. The function chart 8 includes objects required for constituting the operation display of the target, and each object includes ID information for identifying the object, for example, an ID number or information indicating the type of the object.

The objects will be described briefly. As long as the objects can be identified, the target may use arbitrary characters or numbers as the ID information, and the meaning of the characters or numbers may be unique to the target. Thereby, the load on the target when the target assigns the ID information can be reduced.

The objects are as follows: display data such as text data or still-picture data; display parts each indicating the display data and its attribute information; groups each comprising several pieces of display parts; and a panel used as a menu indicating the operations and states of the target, on which the display elements such as the display parts and the groups are put

00601-00000000

together. Each display part comprises the following display data: still-picture data of an operation button or the like of the device, text data indicating a function or the like, audio data such as an effective sound, and a program code including still-picture data and text data. The display part may have attribute information.

The information of the object is as follows: a data object comprising display data, a list of the display parts and the display elements, attribute information such as various kinds of header information and unique information, and ID information.

Each object has a list type hierarchical structure, and in the following description, each data object and its list are called "object". However, each object does not necessarily have the list structure, and it may be composed of only the data object or the attribute data and the data object, as long as it can be identified by the ID information or the like.

Information of the function chart 8 comprising these data is transmitted to the controller, through the function information management means 19, the second protocol processing means 18, and the asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5, in response to a request from the controller on the transmission line 1.

The function chart 8 is stored in the ROM 15 and the RAM 16. To be specific, the information which is unique to the target and so is not rewritten frequently, i.e., the objects such as the still-picture data indicating the operation button of the target,

006011" 0E294950

Further, in the RAM 16 where the function chart 8 is stored, the controller on the transmission line 1 or the inside-of-device control means 9 writes the objects as required through the function information management means 17. The information so written is contents information, operating state information, or the like.

In the case of a VTR, the operating state information is the objects corresponding to the display parts indicating the operating states of the device, such as "playback", "fast-reverse", "programming", and the like.

Further, the following information may be written in the RAM

16: information required for network control such as the ID
information of the controller which uses this target, the date of
reserved program, and the channel number.

In this description, the information indicating the states of the target includes the contents information and the operating state information described above. Further, it also includes the state of each display part such as the still picture when the user pushes the playback button of the VTR, and the still picture when the user releases the button.

Next, the function information management means 17 will be described. This means 17 performs conversion of the object ID information indicating the object ID or the type of the object into an address in the ROM 15 or the RAM 16, and management of each object. Further, not only conversion into the address, it assigns a new address when the display part is updated and so the data size increases and therefore the data cannot be written in the original address area.

Accordingly, the function information management means can read and writes each object, according to the object ID information, from the controller on the transmission line 1, the inside-of-device control means 9, and the first protocol processing means 6.

When the address of each object is known in advance, the object may be read or written by using the address of the ROM 15 or the RAM 16. Further, the display part or the like can be read or written by using a combination of them, and the display part can be read or written according to the relative address in the display part indicated by the object ID information.

The function information management means 17 manages the object ID information as follows. When a new object is added, this means 17 provides this object with ID information that is not used by other objects, and when an object is deleted, the means 17 nullifies the ID information of this object.

Further, when the object is changed by the target itself, the function information management means 17 spontaneously transmits the changed object to the controller. Therefore, the controller need not observe the object which might be changed, whereby the processing of the controller is reduced and so the controller can deal with the objects indicating the status information and the contents information which change momentary.

When the function information management means 17 is provided with a notification range for notifying the controller that the information within a specific range of the target has been changed, the controller is prevented from being given undesired data at an arbitrary point of time from the target and, therefore, the controller is prevented from processing the undesired data. As the result, the processing efficiency is increased.

The function information management means 17 may transmit only the ID information of the changed object to the controller instead of transmitting the changed object to the controller. In this case, the controller sends a request for transmission of the changed object by the first protocol by using the ID information

Further, the inside-of-device controller 9 processes the information in the notification range included in the data request from the controller. The notification range included in the data request from the controller is a range in which the target notifies the change when the state or function of the target has been changed. A range desired by the controller is designated as the notification range to be included in the data request from the controller. That is, the inside-of-device control means 9 obtains information about the notification range from the data request from the controller, and when the state or function of the target is changed, the means 9 notifies the controller of the change in this notification range by using the second protocol. Either the whole function chart 8 (all of the information included in the function chart 8) or each constituent of the function chart 8, that is, either a panel unit or a display part unit, is designated as the notification range. When

Although the notification range is either the whole function chart 8 or each constituent of the function chart 8, the whole target including the function chart 8 and the target information may be designated as the notification range, with the same effects as described above.

The inside-of-device control means 9 performs version management for the information in the function chart 8, in addition to the operations mentioned above. The version number used for the version management is generated by using a counter, and the inside-of-device control means 9 increments the counter inside the version data generation means 18 every time the information stored in the RAM 16 in the function chart 8 is changed by the function information management means 17.

The version data indicated by the counter value includes function chart version information indicating the version of the function chart 8, and constituent version information indicating the version of each constituent of the function chart 8 such as the function menu, the display part, the data object, etc.

When the target receives a message from the controller indicating a request for data in the target, the target transmits the data to the controller. Since the version data corresponding

to this data is included in this data, the controller can confirm the version data of the received data. That is, the controller can always use the latest data, and the reliability of the data is increased. Further, when the controller caches the data, the controller can easily decide whether the information in the function chart 8 is changed or not, according to the state change in the target, whereby the controller can cache the data easily and effectively.

Next, the second protocol used by this target will be described. The second protocol is a protocol different from the first protocol. In the second protocol, data transmission is performed after creating a connection between a transmitter and a receiver, and a response is sent back to only a certain transmitter.

For example, initially the transmission mode, such as the address where data is to be written and the buffer size for continuous writing, is decided by exchanging information between the transmitter and the receiver, and a connection is created. Then, data is written in the receiver by continuously performing plural times of 1394 write transactions. As an example of this method, there is Asynchronous Serial Bus Connections discussed in the 1394TA.

Further, as another example of the second protocol applicable to this target, there is stream data to be transmitted by using the Isochronous transmission method according to the

00501-0239450

IEEE 1394-1995. This stream data is data of an audio or video signal. In this case, bit map data or the like can be laid as GUI data over the audio or video stream data. Further, the GUI data is, for example, bit map format data which is known as icon, still-picture animation, JPEG, or BMP, or AIFF audio format data used for effective sound or the like.

The second protocol transmission means 18 performs processing at the target end of the second protocol, i.e., the processing at the transmitter. This means 18 receives the information of the function chart 8 from the function information management means 17, and performs data transmission through the asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5. The connection/disconnection of the target to the connection is performed by the inside-of-device control means 9 using the first protocol, through the first protocol processing means 6 and the asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5.

Hereinafter, a description will be given of the operation of the target comprising the above-described constituents, in response to a request from the controller.

Initially, when the target is connected to the transmission line 1 or the controller is connected to the transmission line 1, the controller reads the device construction information 7 of the target, and confirms the location of the information relating to the target (e.g., the type of the device, and the presence or absence of GUI data), and reads the information. The device

construction information 7 may have the address information of the function chart 8, or it may show only the existence.

Next, the controller creates a connection for the second protocol between itself and the target. Then, the controller issues, to the target, a data request which requests the objects in the function chart 8, i.e., the panel, the display parts, and like) to obtain the information of the function chart 8. At this time, the controller may issue a command requesting a part of the function chart 8, e.g., only a display part, to obtain only the display part and its ID.

Further, when the target receives the control code and the user operation information from the controller, the target performs the processing indicated by the control code and the user operation information, according to the situation. For example, with respect to an object such as a display part indicating the function of the target, when the control code of this object is transmitted from the controller to the target together with "selection" as the user operation information, the asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5 instructs the inside-of-device control means 9 to execute the function indicated by this object. As the control code of the object, the ID information of the object such as the ID information of the display part, is used.

In this way, the target presents only the information of the function chart 8 in response to the request for the GUI data from

005071-0529560

the controller, whereby the load on the target can be reduced. Further, it is not necessary for the group of standardization to define a command for each function of the target, and even when the target has a new function which cannot be supposed at present, the user can easily use this new function through the transmission line 1.

In the target described above, the constituents such as the synchronous data transmission/reception means 3 and the target signal processing means 4 may be arbitrarily constructed according to the functions of the target, and these constituents may be dispensed with in some cases. Further, each means may be constituted by either hardware or software.

While in the target according to this first embodiment each function of the target is specified according to the user operation information and the object control code, it may be constructed so that the user operations other than "selection" cannot be recognized. In this case, since the function of the target can be specified by only the control code of the object, the target can execute the function by the control code alone, whereby the size of the packet to be transmitted can be reduced.

Further, while in the target of this first embodiment the control code is used as the object ID information, the control code may be arbitrarily set by the target. For example, the control code may be composed of a number given for each type of the function of the target, and a serial number for each type.

0060T" 0039450

Alternatively, a unique control code used inside the target may be used. Thereby, mounting of each function in the target is facilitated.

Next, a description will be given of a controller used in the network control system for the AVC system, with reference to the drawings.

Figure 3 is a block diagram illustrating a controller in the network control system according to the first embodiment of the invention. In figure 3, 20 denotes a first protocol processing means, 10 denotes a controller signal processing means, 12 denotes a function chart management means, 13 denotes a function data base, 14 denotes a display/function selection means, and 19 denotes a second protocol transmission means.

Hereinafter, these constituents will be described in brief. In figure 3, the same reference numerals as those shown in figure 2 denote the same or corresponding parts.

Initially, the controller signal processing means 10 receives synchronous data from the synchronous data transmission/reception means 3, and performs signal processing according to the controller. For example, when the controller is a device capable of displaying video, such as a video monitor, the processing means 10 decodes the synchronous data, e.g., an MPEG2 stream, and displays it on a screen.

The first protocol processing means 20 receives the information about the target on the transmission line 1, such as

005071-023450

connection of a new target connected or disconnection of the existing target, from the packet transmission/reception means 2 through the asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5, and transmits it to the display/function selection means 14 which will be described later. Further, the first protocol processing means 20 performs, according to the first protocol, connection/disconnection of the connection for the second protocol, and transmission/reception of a message for controlling the target.

The function data base 13 is placed in the rewritable memory space, and includes the function chart 8 received from the target as a data base. By searching this data base using the function chart management means 12 which will be described later, the following data can be taken out: the object such as the information of each target or the information of each function, the ID information of the object, the display part for notifying the user of this object, and the display part to be displayed or the control code to be transmitted when the user operates this display part. The function data base 13 does not necessarily have all of the information in the function chart 8, it may have only necessary part of the function chart 8.

When the controller and the target are included in the same device, it is not necessary to indicate the functions of the target in this device to the controller. Further, the inside of the device is controlled by the inside-of-device control means 9.

The second protocol transmission means 19 performs the processing of the second protocol at the controller end, i.e., the processing at the receiver. This means 19 receives the function chart 8 or the like from the target through the asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5, and transmits it to the function chart management means 12 which will be described later. The inside-of-device controller 9 performs connection/disconnection of the target to/from the connection according to the first protocol through the first protocol processing means 20 and the asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5.

The information management will be described in brief.

When the function chart management means 12 receives information that a new target is connected, from the asynchronous data processing means 5, the management means 12 instructs the

asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5 to read the information of the function target 8 of this new target.

When the information of the function chart 8 of the new target and its version information are read, the management means 12 records this function chart 8 in the function data base 13, and stores the version information of the function chart 8 in association with the function chart 8.

The version information may be stored in the function data base 13 together with the function chart 8, or it may be stored in and managed by the function chart management means 12. Further, when a constituent of the function chart 8 is read together with its version information, this constituent is associated with the version information and stored in the function chart 8 of the controller. The version information of the constituent may be stored in and managed by the function chart management means 12.

Further, when the function chart management means 12 receives information that an existing target is disconnected from the transmission line 1, this management means 12 deletes the corresponding function chart 8 from the function data base 13.

When the existing target is disconnected, the function chart 8 of this target may be stored in the storage means in the controller. When this target is connected again, this target is identified by its ID or the like, and the corresponding function chart 8 is read from the storage means to be recorded in the

0064630-10900

The function chart 8 in the controller may be different in form from the function chart 8 in the target as long as these function charts include the same information. Further, the function chart 8 in the controller is not necessarily in the form transmitted on the transmission 1 by the second protocol.

Further, the display/function selection means 14 can display or play the data received from the controller signal processing means 10 (e.g., video or audio data) or the data received from the first protocol processing means 20 or the second protocol transmission means 19. At this time, the GUI information may be laid over the video data received from the controller signal processing means 10, or the display (screen) may be switched between the GUI information display and the video data display according to the user instruction or the like.

Further, the display/function selection means 14 instructs

the function chart management means 12 to search the function chart 8, and displays the display part showing the target on the transmission line 1 or the function of the target (e.g., the target name, the function name, or the still-picture for display) on the screen.

Hereinafter, a description will be given of the operation of the controller constituted as mentioned above.

Initially, when the user selects a display part indicating a target, the controller reads the panel (menu) of this target from the function chart 8 and displays it on the screen.

Next, when the user selects a display part indicating a function from the panel, the controller issues the control code and the user operation data, which correspond to this display part and are obtained from the function chart 8, through the first protocol processing means 20. The display/function selection means 14 receives a response of the target to the control code and the user operation data, through the first protocol processing means 20.

Further, when the controller is informed that the object is changed, from the target by the second protocol, for example, when it receives the changed object, the controller displays the changed object on the screen. Therefore, the controller can display the latest GUI with respect to the state of the target at the present time to inform it to the user.

The object can be managed by using the version information.

005011" 02394950

In this first embodiment, the constituents such as the

synchronous data transmission/reception means 3 and the controller signal processing means 10 may be arbitrarily constituted according to the functions of the controller. Further, the constituents such as the synchronous data transmission/reception means 3 and the controller signal processing means 10 may be dispensed with according to the functions of the controller.

Next, a description will be given of the method of connecting/disconnecting the devices to/from the connection for the second protocol, with reference to the drawings.

Figures 4(a) and 4(b) are diagrams illustrating the method of connecting/disconnecting the devices to/from the connection used by the second protocol, and figure 4(a) shows the case where there is an initiator while figure 4(b) shows the case where there is no initiator. In the figures, 40 denotes an initiator, 41 denotes a controller, and 42 denotes a target.

The connection is a path for data transmission which is logically constituted for the data flowing on the transmission line 1, and the target and the controller may possess plural connections. In this case, each connection designates an address for data transmission/reception by using a logical plug number or port number, and each connection is distinguished from another connection by the plug number or the port number.

First of all, the case where the initiator is present will be described. In figure 4(a), the initiator 40 creates a

The initiator 40 obtains, from the controller 41, the information required for connection, e.g., the controller's resource information such as an address of a connectable buffer, and tries to connect the target 42 to the connection by using this information. When this is successful, the initiator 40 tries to connect the controller 41 to the connection. In this way, the connection is established between the controller 41 and the target 42.

Further, also when disconnecting the devices from the connection, the initiator 40 disconnects the controller 41 from the connection, and then disconnects the target 42 from the connection. When this is successful, the initiator 40 releases the resources which have been reserved for connection by the controller 41.

Next, a description will be given of the case where the initiator is absent. In figure 4(b), the controller 41 creates a connection of the second protocol between the controller 41 and the target 42. In this connection, the transmitter of the data transmitted by the second protocol is the target 42, and the receiver is the controller 41. That is, the controller doubles as the initiator shown in figure 4(a).

The group shows an aggregate of display elements in the

panel, and this is constituted by using a one-dimensional array. Since the group is not necessarily required, this may be omitted. When the group is omitted, ID information of each display part may be directly written in the panel list.

The display part shows an icon, a button, or the like, and this may have ID information of display data. The display data shows actual data of the display part, such as still-picture data, audio data, text data, etc. The function chart 8 may have plural panels.

The panel, group, display part, display data are generically referred to as "objects". Each object is shown as a one-dimensional array, and the array is composed of ID information and a data section, i.e., attribute information, or actual data. ID information of another object may be written in the attribute information and, in this case, each object can have a list structure.

Each object has ID information for identifying the object, and the ID information is constituted using an ID number as an identifier, type information indicating the type of the object, and the like. The object is specified by them.

Each object also has attribute information. The attribute information in each object has ID information for identifying the attribute of the object, and this ID information is constituted using an ID number as an identifier, type information indicating the type of the attribute, and the like. Each attribute

00607T"0E894960

information is specified by them.

Besides the information mentioned above, each object has its own information. This information is unique to each object, for example, object's version information, size information, arrangement information, font size information, etc. Each of the unique information is written in each object as attribute information.

Further, the ID information of the display element or the display part to be referred to, shows the link between objects. Thereby, it shows an aggregate such as the panel or the group. Further, when the display part has links to the display data, plural display parts can share the same display data. The ID information of the object to be referred to is handled as attribute information, and it has reference information as a kind of attribute information discriminated by ID information.

The physical/logical construction of the function chart 8 in the controller or the target does not necessarily have the construction shown in figure 5, and the construction is not restricted thereto as long as the controller and the target can share information of the same contents.

To be specific, each part of the function chart 8 does not necessarily have the link shown in figure 5 as long as the part can be accessed in object units from the controller.

As described above, since the ID information and the unique information of the objects to be referred to are integrated in

00646830 11000

The following are the results of the analysis of variance for the effect of the treatment on the response of the subjects to the treatment.	
Source of variation	Sum of squares
Between groups	1.00
Within groups	1.00
Total	2.00
Mean square	1.00
F value	1.00
Significance level	0.05
Conclusion	There is no significant difference between the groups.

Further, the panel may be composed of one main panel and plural sub-panels. In this case, display parts indicating links to the sub-menus are written in the attribute information indicating the reference objects of the main panel. At this time, each display part shows the sub-menu of the reference object by a still picture or text data. When the user selects this display part on the controller, the controller displays the sub-menu of the reference object on the screen. The sub-menu is as follows: an operation menu indicating a function in the target, a help menu indicating how to use, a contents menu comprising only contents information in the target, an edition menu for edition work, or a setting menu for setting the target. However, the sub-menu is not restricted thereto.

Hereinafter, a description will be given of the operations of the controller and the target in the network control system according to the first embodiment, with reference to the drawings.

Figure 6 is a diagram for explaining the network control system according to the first embodiment. The following description will be given of the case where the system has no initiator, i.e., where the controller doubles as an initiator.

First of all, when a target is connected to the transmission line 1, the controller on the transmission line 1 recognizes the new target by a bus reset signal or the like, and reads the information of the new target, which is written in the device construction information 7, from the new target through the transmission line 1, under instruction of the function chart management means 12. Then, the controller reads the data objects indicating the target itself, e.g., text object, still-picture object, etc., and records these data in the function data base 13 of the controller.

At this time, the display/function selection means 14 refers to the function data base 13 through the function chart management means 12, and displays the chart of the target connected to the controller, using the data object indicating the target itself.

Next, when the user selects the still-picture object of the target by using a pointing function (e.g., crosshairs key) of the remote controller, the display/function selection means 14 makes a request for the GUI information of the target to the function chart management means 12, reads the panel (menu) of the target, and stores it in the function chart 8 of the controller.

006011-05994950

At this time, the controller reserves resources in the controller required for the second protocol, and transmits a message 101 shown in figure 6, i.e., a request for making a connection, to the target by the first protocol. Next, it is checked as to whether the target is connectable to the connection or not, and when it is connectable, the target is connected to the connection. Then, the controller confirms that the target acknowledges the request, by a message response 111, and connects itself to the connection, whereby the connection is established.

Next, the controller transmits a request for data transmission by a message transmission 102 to the target. This message transmission 102 includes information of a notification range within which the controller desires to match the information with that of the target. As a response to this transmission, the target returns primary response 112, and transmits the data of the panel (main menu) in the function chart 8 to the controller by the second protocol.

At this time, the controller may notify the information indicating the notification range to the target. In this case, the target does not notify the controller of a change in unnoticed information such as information that is not currently displayed by the controller. So, the controller is prevented from being supplied with unnecessary data at the present time and being compelled to process the data, whereby the throughput of the controller is improved.

005011" DE294950

The message response 112 may include the version information according to the notification range. At this time, the controller can obtain the version information of the function chart of the target in advance of reading the function chart. So, the controller need not read the function chart again if the function chart is the same as the function chart which has already been cached by the controller, and the controller may discard the transmitted data. That is, the controller is prevented from performing unnecessary data updation and screen updation, and the controller can provide the user with a user-friendly screen and, therefore, the processing of the controller is simplified. Further, the data transmitted by the second protocol may be either the whole data of the function chart 8 or the panel designated by the message transmission 102.

In this way, the controller obtains the whole data of the panel, and displays the data on the screen. The notification range may be transmitted to the target by the message transmission 101, with the same effects as described above. Further, the message response 111 may include the version information of the function chart of the target. At this time, the controller can obtain the version information of the function chart of the target before performing the message transmission 102, and the controller need not read the function chart again if it is the same as the function chart which has already been cached by the controller. This saves the trouble of transmitting

0060T-0287960

the function chart, resulting in reduced amount of data to be transmitted.

Next, when the user selects the display part indicating the playback function of the target by using the pointing function of the remote controller such as a crosshairs key which shows the up, down, left, and right, the display/function selection means 14 transmits the ID information of the display part given by the target, as a control code, to the target together with the user operation information such as "selection". That is, after the user moves the cursor onto the display part by using the crosshairs key showing the up, down, left, and right and pushes the "selection" button, even when the user moves the cursor out of the display part, the ID information (control code) of this display part and the user operation information ("selection") are transmitted as a message transmission 103 to the target.

Further, more precise user operation information can be transmitted to the target. That is, when the user performs operations like "push", "release", "push twice" on the display part by using the remote controller or the pointing target, the information of these operations can be transmitted to the target. Further, as more precise operation information, the operation information of the remote controller it self, such as that the user pushed button "1" of the remote controller, can be transmitted directly to the target.

The user operation information may be coded and transmitted

00646330 410900
006011 02242600

	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327	2328	2329	2330	2331	2332	2333	2334	2335	2336	2337	2338	2339	2340	2341	2342	2343	2344	2345	2346	2347	2348	2349	2350	2351	2352	2353	2354	2355	2356	2357	2358	2359	2360	2361	2362	2363	2364	2365	2366	2367	2368	2369	2370	2371	2372	2373	2374	2375	2376	2377	2378	2379	2380	2381	2382	2383	2384	2385	2386	2387	2388	2389	2390	2391	2392	2393	2394	2395	2396	2397	2398	2399	2400	2401	2402	2403	2404	2405	2406	2407	2408	2409	2410	2411	2412	2413	2414	2415	2416	2417	2418	2419	2420	2421	2422	2423	2424	2425	2426	2427	2428	2429	2430	2431</
--	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	--------

Next, as a response to the operation request, the target returns a message response 113 indicating that the message transmission 103 is received, or rejected, or not supported by the target.

When the state of the target is changed and thereby the object inside the target such as the function menu list, the display part list, or the data object is changed, the target spontaneously transmits the changed data (display part) to the controller by using the second protocol. The changed data

(display part) is not restricted to one. When plural display parts are changed at one time, the target can transmit the plural display parts. Transmission of the changed data is performed not only by the user operation but also by the target when the state of the target is changed.

While in the above-description data transmission is performed in display part units, only the attribute information which is changed may be transmitted. In this case, the changed attribute information is transmitted together with the ID information of the changed display part. Likewise, when only the display data is changed, only the display data is transmitted to the controller. By transmitting only the changed attribute information or display data as described above, the quantity of data to be transmitted is reduced, whereby the responsibility is improved, and the processes performed by the target and the controller are reduced.

Further, when the panel unit is designated as the notification range and the display menu is changed by the user operation or the like, the target transmits a new panel to the controller, and only when the information in the new panel is changed, the target notifies the controller of the change in the target information. Thereby, the controller can obtain the state change information with simple structure and efficiency, i.e., with less storage area. This is not restricted to the panel and is applicable to every display part.

The function chart management means 12 writes the data of the changed display part in the corresponding function chart 8 to update the function chart 8, and the display/function selection means 14 displays the function chart 8 so updated.

When the controller ends display of the function chart 8 of the target, the controller disconnects itself from the connection, and makes a message transmission 104 (disconnection request) to the target by the first protocol.

The target checks whether disconnection from the connection is proper or not, and disconnects itself from the connection when it is proper.

When the controller checks by a message response 114 that the target acknowledges the request, the controller releases the resources required for the second protocol, which have been stored by itself.

In the above description, the connection is created when the controller displays the information of the target on the screen. However, the connection may be created while power is on the target, or it may be created when the controller displays the GUI information of the function chart of the target. The same can be said of disconnection.

Further, information indicating a forced message to the user may be added in the ID information or attribute information of the data transmitted by the second protocol. When the controller receives this data, display or audio playback is performed

Next, the transmission/reception operation of the controller will be described with reference to the drawings.

Figures 7(a) and 7(b) are flowcharts each illustrating the operation flow of the controller. Figure 7(a) shows the operation relating to the first protocol, and figure 7(b) shows the operation relating to the second protocol. These flows shown in figures 7(a) and 7(b) are performed in parallel with each other on the controller.

In figure 7(a), the controller establishes a connection for the second protocol, to the target, according to a request inside the controller such as user's pushing a menu button on the remote controller (step 501). Then, in order to display the GUI information of the target according to the user operation, the controller transmits a message indicating a request for the data to the target (step 502). The controller waits for a response to this request (step 503), and detects the user operation after receiving the response from the target (step 504).

When the user performs an operation on the screen of the controller and the controller notifies the target of this

After the display is updated in step 514 or when the controller receives no data in step 510, it is decided whether the operation flow is to be ended or not (step 515). When it is decided by the user operation or the like that the controller

need not display the GUI information of this target, the operation flow is ended. On the other hand, when it is decided that the controller should continue to display the GUI information of this target, the controller waits for next data (step 510). The END decisions in steps 510 and 515 may be performed at the same time.

Next, the transmission/reception operation of the target will be described with reference to the drawings. Description of error handling during communication is omitted.

Figure 8 is a flowchart showing the operation flow of the target. Initially, the target waits for controller's establishing the connection (step 601), and after the connection has been established, the target checks whether there is a message from the controller (step 602). When there is no message, the target checks its internal state (step 603). When the state is not changed, the target decides whether the operation flow is to be ended or not (step 611). When the target is disconnected from the connection by the controller or when the target receives an END message from the controller, the target ends this operation flow. On the other hand, when the operation is to be continued, the control returns to step 602.

When there is a message in step 602, the target decides the purpose of this message, and checks the state of the target and whether the target supports this function or not according to the message, and then transmits a message response to the controller

according to the practicability of the message (steps 604 and 609). When the received message is a request for data, the target decides its practicability (step 605). When the request is practicable, the target sends an acknowledgement to the controller and, simultaneously, creates a function chart (step 606). When the target has already have a function chart, the target transmits it to the controller (step 608). On the other hand, when the request is not practicable, the target transmits a message such as a rejection to the controller.

Likewise, when the state of the target is changed in step 603, the function chart is updated (step 607), and the function chart is transmitted to the controller (step 608).

Further, when the received message is not a request for data but the ID information of an object and the user operation information, the target performs a process corresponding to this message (step 609). That is, the practicability of the message is decided in step 609. When it is practicable, the target transmits a message response (acknowledgement) to the controller, and performs a process corresponding to this message (step 610). When the message is not practicable, the target transmits a message such as a rejection to the controller.

Although the END decision is made in step 611, when the target receives a message of disconnection or a message about GUI display's being ended from the controller, the decision may be made in step 610 to end the operation flow.

Next, a description will be given of the process of confirming data transmission by the second protocol, with reference to the drawings.

Figure 9 is a diagram for explaining the process of confirming data transmission by the second protocol according to the present invention. Figure 9 shows the process of confirming the transmitted data from the message transmission 102 to the data 201 shown in figure 6. In figure 9, the same transmission processes as those shown in figure 6 are given the same reference numerals.

The controller makes a request for data by a message transmission 102, and the target returns, to the controller, a message response 112 indicating that the message is acknowledged. Then, the target transmits data 201 including version information, e.g., a function chart, by the second protocol.

If a transmission error occurs in the transmission line, the target, or the controller and so the data 201 is not correctly transmitted to the controller, the controller detects the possibility that normal transmission has not been performed by the second protocol, according to timeout, or parity check, or data size check.

Next, the controller confirms by a message transmission 105 as to whether the target has correctly outputted the data by the second protocol. Then, the target confirms whether the data transmission by the second protocol has been normally ended or

0064630-110900

not. When it has ended normally, the target returns a message response 115 of "acknowledgement", and when it has not ended normally, the target returns a message response 115 of "error" according to the situation.

When a message indicating "already transmitted" or a message indicating "transmission error" is returned as the message response 115, the controller recognizes that the data transmitted by the second protocol has been lost or an error has occurred during transmission, and requests the data again by a message 122. On receipt of this request, the target informs the controller that the message is acknowledged, by a message response 132, and retransmits the data designated by the data 210, using the second protocol.

With respect to the data transmission by the second protocol from the target, the controller may always confirm the situation by a message transmission.

Also in the case where the target spontaneously transmits data by the second protocol, when the controller detects incorrect data, the controller performs confirmation and request for retransmission as described above, by using a message of the first protocol.

In this way, since confirmation and request for retransmission with respect to data transmission by the second protocol are performed by the first protocol, the data transmission by the second protocol is performed reliably,

005011"02394960

whereby the reliability of the system is increased.

Furthermore, also when normal transmission cannot be performed due to errors in the controller or the target, these errors can be detected by checking the data at the transmitter end and the receiver end, whereby normal transmission is assured.

Next, a description will be given of the structure of a display element according to the first embodiment, with reference to the drawings.

Figure 10(a) is a diagram illustrating the structure of a display element according to the present invention.

In figure 10(a), 50 denotes a display element, 51 denotes ID information of the display element, 52 denotes size information of the display element, 53 denotes ID information of a first attribute, 54 denotes size information of the first attribute, 55 denotes first attribute information data, 56 denotes ID information of a second attribute, 57 denotes size information of the second attribute, and 58 denotes second attribute information data. In figure 10(a), each information has 16 bits in the horizontal direction, but the number of bits is not restricted thereto.

The ID information of the display element comprises an ID number of the display element, type information indicating the type of the display element, and the like, and this ID information indicates what the display element is.

The size information of the display element indicates the

006077 0E894960

size of the whole attribute information of this display element, i.e., the size of the attribute section, and this size information is represented by bytes, for example.

The attribute section is a section where the attribute of the display element is described. The attribute includes the size of the display element (number of pixels), positional information (number of pixels), and the like. When the display element is a panel or a group, the attribute includes the ID information of objects having links. These pieces of information, i.e., the ID information of each attribute, the size information of each attribute, and the attribute information data of each attribute are represented in the same format. The order of these pieces of attribute information is arbitrary, and each attribute is distinguished from another attribute by its ID information.

The ID information of each attribute comprises an ID number of the attribute, type information indicating the type of the attribute, and the like, and this ID information indicates what the attribute is.

The size information of each attribute indicates the size of the attribute information data of this attribute, and it is represented by bytes, for example.

In this way, the display elements, i.e., the panel, group, and display part, have the same data format, and the ID information and the size information are followed by one or plural pieces of attribute information. Further, each attribute

006077-02894950

information has the same data format as that of the display element.

By making the data format uniform among the respective display elements, the processing of the controller is simplified, whereby high-speed processing is achieved and debug is facilitated.

Further, by making the data format uniform between each display element and each attribute information, the processing of the controller is unified, whereby high-speed and simple processing is achieved and, further, creation of processing software and data is facilitated.

Next, figure 10(b) shows the structure of the attribute information according to the present invention.

First of all, the attribute size information is incorporated in the attribute ID information, and the size of the attribute information is represented by the field (e.g., 4 bits) of the size information. For example, when "1" is written in the size information field, the size of the attribute information means 1 word (16 bits), and when "2" is written, it means 2 words. Since the size information is written by using part of the field of the ID information, the quantity of data can be reduced with respect to the attribute information having relatively small quantity of attribute information data.

For example, when one piece of large-size attribute information exists in the function chart, the attribute size

006011-02894960

information 53 should be increased according to this size (e.g., 4 bytes). At this time, with respect to a large number of small-size attribute information, the data quantity of each small-size attribute information can be reduced by using the method shown in figure 10(b), whereby the memory quantity can be reduced.

Further, when the unit of the size represented by the size information field is increased, even somewhat large-size data can be represented in this format, whereby the attribute side information 54 can be dispensed with.

It is not necessary to store these data with this data format in the controller or the target so long as the data format at transmission is uniform. Of course, when these data are transmitted on the transmission line 1, these data written in this data format are subjected to division-into-packets and addition of headers.

Next, a description will be given of the structure of display data according to the first embodiment, with reference to the drawings.

Figure 11 is a diagram illustrating the structure of display data according to the present invention. In figure 11, 60 denotes display data, 61 denotes ID information of the display data, 62 denotes size information of the display data, and 63 denotes actual data.

The ID information of the display data comprises an ID number of the display data, type information indicating the type

006011-00000000

of the display data, and the like, and this ID information indicates what the display data is.

The size information of the display data shows the size of the actual data of the display data, and it is represented by bytes, for example. The number of bits of the ID information or the size information may be different from that of the display element.

The actual data is a section where the actual data of the display data is stored, and bit mapped video data, audio data, text data, program data, and the like are stored.

Further, attribute information indicating the types and sizes of these bit mapped data are described as attribute information of the display part. Further, in figures 10 and 11, the data structure is in the following order: ID information → size information → ID information → size information ..., but the data structure is not restricted to this order. For example, it may be in the order as follows: size information → ID information → size information ...

Next, the structure of a function chart according to the first embodiment will be described with reference to the drawings.

Figure 12 is a diagram for explaining the structure of the function chart according to the present invention, and figure 13 shows an example of a panel display on the controller.

In figure 12, one panel in the function chart indicates a menu of a VTR, and the panel includes, as attribute information,

a title, a title image, unique information such as its background and size, and links to groups, i.e., ID information of the groups. Each group shows an aggregate of display parts according to the function or display. For example, there are three groups like contents, a deck, and a tuner.

Each group includes, as attribute information, unique information such as its size, location, background, and links to the display parts, i.e., ID information of the display parts. The links to the display parts indicate the display parts which belong to this group.

Each display part is a part for displaying an icon, button, slider, check box, text entry, or the like, and the display part includes, as attribute information, unique information such as its size, location, state, variable, etc., and links to display data (ID information of display data). However, a display part such as a slider, check box, or text entry has no display data, and its feature, function, or operation is represented as a display part, and its display may depend on the controller.

Each display data is data such as still-picture data, video data, text data, audio data, program data, or the like, and it shows the display data of a panel, group, or display part.

Hereinafter, the panel will be described briefly with reference to the drawings.

Figure 13 shows an example of a display on the above-described panel. Each group is not displayed on the screen of

00646370-110900

the controller. Of course, each group may be displayed on the screen together with its title and title image.

Further, figure 14 shows another example of a panel of the controller according to the first embodiment.

In figure 14, the panel is constructed as an aggregate of display parts into which one bit map data is divided arbitrarily. Partial screen data 701, 702, 703, and 704 are obtained by dividing data of one bit map indicating this panel, and each partial screen data corresponds to a display part and has ID information of the display part on the panel.

When the display data (partial screen data) of any display part is changed due to the user operation or a change in the state of the target, the target notifies the controller of this change for each display part, thereby notifying the user of this change.

While in this first embodiment data of one bit map showing a panel is divided into plural parts, a panel may be constituted by only data of one bit map showing the panel. In this case, although the quantity of data to be transmitted by the target due to the user operation or state change of the target is increased, the same effects as described above are achieved.

While in this first embodiment the controller performs visual display, means for visual display may be provided independently from the controller and the target, and the user may operate the controller using a remote controller or the like

while watching the screen of this display means. Also in this case, the same effects as mentioned above are achieved. This display means may be included in the controller or the target, or it may be an independent device.

In this case, the data transmitted by the second protocol may be received not by the controller but by the display means, and the display means may arrange and display the data on the screen. Alternatively, the data may be received by the controller and arranged by the controller according to the screen size or the like of the display means. In this case, the controller creates bit map data having a size, aspect ratio, and the like suited to the display means, and transmits the bit map data to the display means by the second protocol so that the display means can display the data.

(Embodiment 2)

Next, a description will be given of an AVC system utilizing a network control system having a target the operation of which is different from that of the target according to the first embodiment, with reference to the drawings.

Figure 15 shows an example of a system construction. In figure 15, 1541 denotes a TV, 1542 denotes a remote controller of the TV, 1543 denotes a PC, 31 denotes a recordable and playable DVD, 32 denotes a DV system DVC, 33 denotes a VHS system DVHS, 34 denotes a DV system DVC movie, 35 denotes a STB for SC digital broadcasting or the like. These devices are connected with each

other by a transmission line 1, thereby constituting an AVC system network.

First of all, these constituents will be described. The same constituents as those described for the first embodiment are given the same numbers as those shown in figure 1 and, therefore, repeated description is not necessary.

The TV 1541 is a device comprising a controller, a consumer, and a target (in this case, a ground wave tuner and a video monitor). An instruction is given to a controller internal function control means, which is described later, by using the remote controller 1542, and data obtained from another target is displayed on the screen.

The PC 1543 is a device comprising a controller, consumer, and a target (in this case, a modem which interfaces with a telephone line, and a video monitor or the like). The user gives an instruction to the controller internal function control means by using a key board or a mouse, to display data obtained from another target on the screen. Each of the TV 1541 and the PC 1543 is defined as a device in which the target, the controller, and the consumer are united.

In this second embodiment, the DVD 31, DVD32, DVHS 33, DVC movie 34, and STB 35 are described as targets, each of these devices may include a controller and a target so long as the user can perform operation such as selecting a function of another target with a touch panel or a remote controller although the

00646830-110900

size of the device is small. Further, each of these devices may include a consumer when it realizes an environment for displaying data of another target by a liquid crystal panel or the like or when it has the function of processing data from another target.

Further, each of the above-mentioned devices constituting the AVC system network may be constructed as follows. That is, the device includes functions as a consumer and a controller and has a remote controller, and displays only display and audio on a monitor by analog connection so that the user can control the device with the remote controller while watching the display. In this case, the device may include a controller and a target.

Further, as a device including a consumer, there is a device for outputting data for printing or display, such as a printer and a TV, and a device for converting the format of data to transmit the data to another device, such as a modem, a bridge, a router, and a gateway.

Hereinafter, a description will be given of a target according to this second embodiment, which is used in the network control system so constructed, with reference to the drawings.

Figure 16 is a block diagram illustrating a target according to the second embodiment. In figure 16, 1 denotes a transmission line, 2 denotes a packet transmission/reception means, 3 denotes a synchronous data transmission/reception means, 1604 denotes a target signal processing means, 5 denotes an asynchronous data transmission/reception means, 1606 denotes a first protocol

processing means, 7 denotes device construction information, 1618 denotes a second protocol transmission means, 1620 denotes a connection management means, 1621 denotes a first target internal function control means, 1622 denotes a second target internal function control means, and 1623 denotes a third target internal function control means. The number of target internal function control means may be arbitrary, that is, the target may have one piece or plural pieces of internal function control means. Further, it is supposed that a target having no internal function control means exists. In this second embodiment, three pieces of internal function control means are provided. Further, an internal function control means corresponds to a unit of function inside a target, a controller, or a consumer, and an internal function control means included in a target is called a target internal function control means.

Hereinafter, the respective constituents of the target will be described. The same constituents as those described for the first embodiment are given the same numbers as those shown in figure 2 and, therefore, repeated description is not necessary.

The target signal processing means 1604 receives synchronous data from the synchronous data transmission/reception means 3, and performs signal processing according to the target. For example, when the target is a recording/playback device such as a DVC, the target signal processing means 1604 subjects the synchronous data to signal processing as follows: format

006017 02894950

The target signal processing means 1604 may be constructed so that it performs only switching of a signal of synchronous data. In this case, the target signal processing means 1604 transmits the synchronous data obtained from the synchronous data transmission/reception means, to an appropriate target internal function control means, according to an instruction from the connection management means 1620. Then, in each target internal function control means 1621, 1622, or 1623, this data is subjected to signal processing such as format conversion, alteration of data compression method, and the like. Further, the target signal processing means 1604 selects the data which has been subjected to signal processing such as format conversion

in each target internal function control means, according to an instruction from the connection management means 1620, and outputs it as synchronous data to the synchronous data transmission/reception means.

The first target internal function control means 1621 corresponds to one function unit in the target. When the target is a VTR, it is composed of two function units, i.e., a tuner and a deck. Each target internal function control means operates according to an instruction from the outside of the target internal function control means, and a part of each function realizes the whole. The same may be said of the second target internal function control means 1622 and the third target internal function control means 1623. These target internal function control means and controller internal function control means included in the controller are called generically as "internal function control means".

When the data received by the first protocol processing means 1606 is a control code indicating the operation of a target internal function control means, the first protocol processing means 1606 makes the internal function control means indicated by this data perform the operation according to the control code. The same may be said of the second target internal function control means 1622 and the third target internal function control means 1623.

The data from the first target internal function control

means 1621, second target internal function control means 1622, and third target internal function control means 1623 are transmitted to the controller through the second protocol transmission means 1618 and the asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5, according to an instruction from the connection management means 1620. A connection may be created according to an arbitrary protocol in the target between the target internal function control means 1621, 1622, 1623, and the second protocol transmission means 1618.

The connection management means 1620 manages the connection inside the target. For example, when the data received by the first protocol processing means 1606 is a message which instructs transmission of the synchronous data received from the transmission line 1 to the first target internal function control means 1621, the connection management means 1620 instructs the target signal processing means 1604 to transmit the synchronous data received by the target signal processing means 1604 in the target to the first target internal function control means 1621. Further, when each target internal function control means transmits the data by the second protocol to the consumer, the connection management means 1620 instructs the second protocol transmission means 1618 to receive the output from the target internal function control means, according to the target internal function control means.

Accordingly, the connection management means 1620 creates a

connection between the target signal processing means and an appropriate target internal function control means among the first, second, and third target internal function control means 1621, 1622, and 1623, according to an instruction from the first protocol processing means 1606, and then creates a connection between this target internal function control means and the second protocol transmission means 1618, according to a request from the target internal function control means.

In this way, when each target internal function control means desires wants to output the data by the second protocol, the flow (connection) of data in the target can be automatically changed.

Next, a description will be given of the operation of the target in response to a request from the controller, according to the second embodiment. It is assumed that the controller and the consumer are included in the same device, and share data in the device. However, the controller and the consumer may be included in different devices.

Initially, when the target is connected to the transmission line 1 or the controller is connected to the transmission line 1, the controller reads the device construction information 7 of the target, and confirms the information relating to the target, such as the type of the device and the presence of GUI information.

Next, the controller (initiator) creates connections of the second protocol between the target and the consumer. These

006011-00000000

connections will be described later. Then, the controller issues a data request for the GUI information such as a panel, display parts and the like, to the target, and transmits the information to the consumer through the connection using the second protocol. The controller may issue a command requesting only a specific display part in the GUI information, and transmit only the display part and its ID. Thus, the controller (consumer) can display the received display part on the screen.

When the target receives the control code and the user operation information from the controller, the target performs the processing indicated by the control code and the user operation information according to the situation. For example, with respect to a display part indicating a function of the target, when the ID information of this display part is transmitted from the controller to the target together with the user operation information indicating "selection", the asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5 instructs the device internal function control means 9 to execute the function indicated by this display part. As the control code of the display part, the ID information of the display part is used, for example.

In this way, the target just presents the GUI information of the device in response to a request for the GUI information from the controller and, therefore, the load on the target is reduced. Further, since it is not necessary to define a command by a

standardization group or the like, even a device having a new function which cannot be supposed at present can easily use this new function through the transmission line 1.

In the target described above, since the synchronous data transmission/reception means 3 and the target signal processing means 1604 are not indispensable constituents of the present invention, these means may be arbitrarily constructed according to the functions of the target. In some cases, there are cases where these means may be dispensed with. That is, while in the above description synchronous data is received, this synchronous data may be dispensed with in some cases. Further, each means may be constituted by either hardware or software. The controller and the consumer may be included in different devices.

Hereinafter, a controller according to this second embodiment will be described with reference to the drawings.

Figure 17 is a block diagram illustrating a controller according to the second embodiment. In figure 17, 1730 denotes a first protocol processing means, 1710 denotes a controller signal processing means, 1719 denotes a second protocol transmission means, 1725 denotes a first controller internal function control means, 1726 denotes a second controller internal function control means, and 1727 denotes a third controller internal function control means. The number of controller internal function control means may be arbitrary, or the controller may have no internal function control means. In this second embodiment, the

controller possesses three internal function control means. While in this second embodiment the consumer and the controller are included in the same device, these may be included in different devices.

Hereinafter, the respective constituents of the controller will be described in brief. In figure 17, the same constituents as those shown in figure 16 are given the same numbers and, therefore, repeated description is not necessary.

The controller signal processing means 1710 receives synchronous data from the synchronous data transmission/reception means 3, and performs signal processing according to the controller. For example, when the controller is a device capable of displaying video, such as a video monitor, it decodes the synchronous data, e.g., an MPEG2 stream, and transmits the data to the controller internal function control means which performs display, according to an instruction from the connection management means 1620, and then this controller internal function control means displays the data on the screen. Inversely, the controller signal processing means 1710 subjects the data supplied from the controller internal function control means to signal processing, such as format conversion, and stream compression or decompression, and transmits the data to the synchronous data transmission means 3.

The controller signal processing means 1710 may be constructed so that it performs only switching of a signal of

synchronous data. At this time, the controller signal processing means 1710 transmits the synchronous data supplied from the synchronous data transmission/reception means to an appropriate controller internal function control means, according to an instruction of the connection management means 1620. Likewise, the controller signal processing means 1604 selects the data which has been subjected to signal processing such as format conversion in each controller internal function control means, according to an instruction of the connection management means 1620, and outputs the data as synchronous data to the synchronous data transmission/reception means.

The first protocol processing means 1730 is identical to that used in the target. In this controller, however, the first protocol processing means 1730 is connected not with the target internal function control means in the target described above but with the first, second, and third controller internal function control means 1725, 1726, and 1727.

The second protocol transmission means 1719 performs the processing at the consumer end, i.e., the receiver end. This means 1719 receives the data of the target internal function control means in the target, from the connection using the second protocol, through the asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5, and transmits the data to the controller internal function control means which is described later. The connection management means 1620 performs the process of connecting/

disconnecting the connection by the second protocol, through the first protocol processing means 1730 and the asynchronous data transmission/reception means 5, according to the first protocol.

The controller internal function control means such as the first controller internal function control means 1725, the second controller internal function control means 1726, and the third controller internal function control means 1727 are function units for realizing functions, such as various applications like application for device control and application for edition, display, printing, etc., and the controller (consumer) receives the data to these controller internal function control means by the second protocol. The received data is, for example, instruction of display or instruction of printing. For example, a controller internal function control means displays a display part indicating the GUI information of the target which has been received using the second protocol, on the screen of the controller, to inform it to the user and, further, it performs selection of a target and a function by using the first protocol according to the user operation. Further, the controller internal function control means can display or play back the data received from the controller signal processing means 1710 or the data received from the first protocol processing means 1730 or the second protocol receiving means 1719. Although in this second embodiment the controller internal function control means are provided, internal function control means may be included in

the consumer.

The operation of the controller according to this second embodiment will be described hereinafter.

Initially, when the user selects a display part indicating a target, the controller reads the GUI information of this target from the target internal function control means (in this case, the first target internal function control means 1621) of the target, and displays it on the screen.

Next, when the user selects a display part indicating a function from the GUI information, the controller issues a control code and user operation information corresponding to the display part obtained from the first target internal function control means 1621, through the first protocol processing means 1730 and the like. The controller internal function control means (in this case, the first controller internal function control means 1725) receives a response of the target to the control code and the user operation information, as GUI information, through the second protocol receiving means 1719.

Further, when the controller receives notification about a change of the GUI information, e.g., the changed GUI information, from the target by the second protocol, the controller displays the changed device on the screen. Accordingly, the controller can display the latest GUI with respect to the state of the target at the present time, on the screen, to inform it to the user.

Next, a description will be given of the method of connecting/disconnecting the connection used by the second protocol, with reference to the drawings.

Figures 18(a)-18(c) are diagrams each illustrating the method of connecting/disconnecting the connection used by the second protocol. Figure 18(a) shows the case where an initiator and a consumer are independent devices, figure 18(b) shows the case where an initiator is an independent device, and figure 18(c) shows the case where an initiator and a consumer are included in a device where a controller exists. In these figures, 1840 denotes an initiator, 1841 denotes a controller, 1842 denotes a target, and 1843 denotes a consumer.

The "connection" is a path for data transmission, which is logically constituted for the data flowing on the transmission line 1, and the target and the consumer may possess plural connections. In this case, each connection designates an address or the like for data transmission/reception by a logical plug number or port number, and each connection is distinguished from another connection by the plug number or port number.

Figure 18(a) shows an example in the case where the initiator, the controller, the target, and the consumer are included in independent devices, respectively, and there is a connection created by the initiator between the target and the consumer.

Initially, the initiator 1840 creates a connection of the

second protocol between the controller 1841 and the consumer 1843. In this connection, the transmitter of the data transmitted by the second protocol is the target 1842, and the receiver of the data is the consumer 1843.

The initiator 1840 obtains, from the controller 1841, information required for connection, e.g., information about resources of the controller such as an address of a connectable buffer, and tries to connect the target 1842 to the connection by using the information obtained. When the initiator 1840 succeeds in this, the initiator 1840 tries to connect the consumer 1843 to the connection. In this way, the connection is established between the controller 1841 and the consumer 1843.

Likewise, when disconnecting the devices from the connection, the initiator 1840 disconnects the consumer 1843 from the connection and then disconnects the target 1842 from the connection. When the initiator 1840 succeeds in this, the initiator 1840 releases the resources which have been reserved for connection by the consumer 1843.

Accordingly, the controller 1841 is not concerned with establishment/disconnection of the connection between the target 1842 and the consumer 1843.

Figure 18(b) shows an example in the case where the initiator, the controller, and the target are included in independent devices, respectively, and the consumer is included in the device where the controller exists. A connection created

by the initiator is present between the target and the controller.

In this connection, the transmitter of the data transmitted by the second protocol is the target 1842, and the receiver of the data is the controller 1841.

The initiator 1840 obtains, from the controller 1841, information required for connection, e.g., information about resources of the controller such as an address of a connectable buffer, and tries to connect the target 1842 to the connection by using the information obtained. When the initiator 1840 succeeds in this, the initiator 1840 tries to connect the controller 1841 to the connection. In this way, the connection is established between the controller 1841 and the target 1842.

Likewise, when disconnecting the devices from the connection, the initiator 1840 disconnects the controller 1841 from the connection and then disconnects the target 1842 from the connection. When the initiator 1840 succeeds in this, the initiator 1840 releases the resources which have been reserved for connection by the consumer 1841.

Next, figure 18(c) shows an example in the case where the controller and the target are included in independent devices, and the initiator and the consumer are included in the device where the controller exists. A connection created by the initiator is present between the target and the controller.

The controller 1841 creates a connection of the second protocol between the controller 1841 and the target 1842. In

this connection, the transmitter of the data transmitted by the second protocol is the target 1842, and the receiver of the data is the controller 1841. That is, the controller doubles as the initiator shown in figure 18(b). The controller 1841 obtains information required for connection of itself, e.g., information about resources such as an address of a connectable buffer, and tries to connect the target 1842 to the connection by using the information obtained. When the controller 1841 succeeds in this, the controller 1841 tries to connect itself to the connection. In this way, the connection is established between the controller 1841 and the consumer 1843.

Likewise, when disconnecting the devices from the connection, the controller 1841 disconnects itself from the connection and then disconnects the target 1842 from the connection. When the controller 1841 succeeds in this, the controller 1841 releases the resources which have been reserved for connection by itself.

Hereinafter, the method of establishing a connection according to this second embodiment will be described using the model shown in figure 18(c). However, the method can also be realized using other models, and the same effects will be obtained.

Since the connection establishment method depends on the second protocol, the initiator creates a connection by a method suited to the second protocol.

Figure 19 shows the flow of data when performing data

transmission by the second protocol.

In figure 19, a "plug" indicates an opening through which data is input and output, and this is a logical plug. For example, each plug has a plug number, and is distinguished from another plug by this plug number. A plug of the target is included in the second protocol transmission means 1618, and a plug of the controller is included in the second protocol reception means 1719.

Initially, as described with respect to figure 18, the controller (initiator) establishes a connection of the second protocol between the target and the controller (consumer). At this time, the connection of the second protocol is created between the plug of the target and the plug of the controller (consumer).

As shown in figure 19, a plug for outputting data to be transmitted by the second protocol is provided in each target internal function control means of the target. When a data output request is made to a certain target internal function control means by the first protocol from the controller, the first protocol processing means 1606 in the target outputs a data output command to the target internal function control means to which the request is made. On receipt of the command, the target internal function control means prepares for outputting data from its plug. To be specific, the target internal function control means searches for the data to be output. When the target

006071" 02894950

internal function control means confirms the presence of the data, it acknowledges the receipt of the command, and instructs the connection management means 1620 to transmit the data which is supplied to the internal connection of the target, i.e., the plug of the target internal function control means, to the plug of the target.

The connection management means 1620 confirms that the connection of the second protocol is not used by another target internal function control means, and establishes a flow of data in the target (internal connection).

The protocol for data transmission/reception inside the target is arbitrary, and it may be performed by controlling writing of data into an arbitrary buffer.

Since the plug of the target is connected with the plug of the controller through the connection using the second protocol, the data supplied to the plug of the target is transmitted to the plug of the controller by the second protocol transmission means 1618, according to the second protocol. The data supplied to the plug of the controller is received by the second protocol reception means 1719, and transmitted to an appropriate controller internal function control means according to an instruction of the connection management means 1620 in the controller.

When the target internal function control means ends the data transmission, the connection management means 1620

disconnects the internal connection of the target, according to an instruction of the target internal function control means. Accordingly, another target internal function control means can transmit data onto the connection between the target and the controller by the second protocol.

Figure 20 shows the flow of data transmitted by the second protocol in the case where the target has plural pieces of target internal function control means.

Initially, as described with respect to figure 19, the controller (initiator) establishes a connection of the second protocol between the target and the controller (consumer). At this time, the connection of the second protocol is created between the plug of the target and the plug of the controller (consumer).

Further, each target internal function control means inside the target is provided with a plug for outputting data to be transmitted by the second protocol. When a data output request is made to the first target internal function control means by the first protocol from the controller, the first protocol processing means 1606 in the target outputs a data output command to the first target internal function control means. In response to this command, the first target internal function control means prepares for outputting data from its plug, and searches for the data to be output. When the first target internal function control means confirms the presence of the data, it acknowledges

the receipt of the command. At the same time, it outputs a request for connecting the internal connection of the target, to the connection management means 1620.

Assuming that the data output request from the controller is also transmitted to the second target internal function control means, the second target internal function control means prepares for outputting data from its plug according to a command, and outputs a request for connecting the internal connection, to the connection management means 1620.

When the first target internal function control means and the second target internal function control means simultaneously output requests to transmit data onto the connection of the second protocol, to the connection management means 1620, the connection management means permits the data transmission with the priority which has previously been determined, and connects the internal connection. When output of data from the target internal function control means having the higher priority is ended, the connection management means disconnects this target internal function control means from the internal connection, and connects the other target internal function control means to the internal connection to perform data transmission from this target internal function control means.

The higher priority is set to an internal function control means to which rapider response is requested. Accordingly, like the GUI information, an internal function control means which can

006071" DEB94960

rapidly respond to the user operation is easily realized. The priority may be dynamically changed such that the internal function control means which has once performed data transmission is given the lower priority, whereby every internal function control means can transmit data. Further, the controller may specify this priority, whereby data transmission suited to the application of the controller is realized.

The data transmitted by the second protocol has ID information of the target internal function control means from which the data is transmitted, and the controller can distinguish the data transmitted through the connection by using this information. Accordingly, the controller can receive and distinguish desired data with relatively.

The priority with respect to connection/disconnection of each target internal function control means to/from the internal connection may be managed by the plug.

Figure 21 shows the flow of data transmitted by the second protocol in the case where there are plural transmitters.

In figure 21, a "port" indicates a logical place in each plug, through which data is input and output, and each port is connected to another port by one-to-one correspondence. Accordingly, each plug indicates an opening through which the same data is input and output, and each port indicates a place connected to the opposite port. For example, each port has a port number, and each port is distinguished from another port by

005011-0994960

this port number.

Initially, as described with respect to figure 19, the controller (initiator) establishes a connection of the second protocol between the target and the controller (consumer). At this time, the connection of the second protocol is created between the plug of the target and the plug of the controller (consumer). At this time, one port is assigned to each of the target and the controller. In figure 21, there are plural controllers, and each controller establishes a connection of the second protocol in this way. Each port indicates a logical opening for inputting and outputting data, and makes one-to-one correspondence with the other port. For example it corresponds to an address of a buffer for the other port.

Further, although each target internal function control means in the target is provided with a plug for outputting data to be transmitted by the second protocol, since there is no necessity of specifying the destination of the data, the plug has no port. When a data output request is made to the first target internal function control means by the first protocol from the controller, the first protocol processing means 1606 in the target outputs a data output command to the first target internal function control means. In response to this command, the first target internal function control means prepares for outputting data from its plug, and searches for the data to be output. When the first target internal function control means confirms the

00607-06060

presence of the data, it acknowledges the receipt of the command. At the same time, it outputs a request for connecting the internal connection of the target, to the connection management means 1620. The connection management means 1620 permits data transmission according to the priority which has previously been determined, and connects the internal connection.

Since the plug of the target is connected with the plug of the controller by the connection using the second protocol, the data supplied to the plug of the target is transmitted to the plug of the controller by the second protocol transmission means 1618 using the second protocol. Since each plug has a port, the same data is transmitted to all of the effective ports.

Accordingly, in the controller, the second protocol reception means 1719 receives the data transmitted through the port in the plug of the controller, and transmits the data to an appropriate controller internal function control means according to an instruction of the connection management means 1620.

When the target internal function control means ends the data transmission, the target internal function control means disconnects the internal connection of the target. Accordingly, another target internal function control means can transmit data onto the connection between the target and the controller by the second protocol.

In this way, the same data can be transmitted to plural controllers.

As described above, the controller can obtain desired data by instructing the target to output the data from the corresponding target internal function control means. That is, in contrast with the conventional controller, the controller of this second embodiment need not establish a connection inside the target and, therefore, it need not have information relating to the construction of the target. Further, since the internal connection is established only when it is needed, plural target internal function control means can share the connection between the target and the controller, whereby the construction of the target is simplified, and the resources required for the second protocol, such as buffers and plugs, are effectively utilized.

Further, once a connection of the second protocol is created between the consumer and the target, there is no necessity of establishing a new connection even when a new internal function control means is generated in the consumer or the target or when new data transmission with the existing internal function control means is required. That is, these internal function control means can share the existing connection to perform data transmission, whereby the processing is simplified.

Further, in the network control system so constructed, even when the same data is transmitted from a target internal function control means in the target to plural controllers, the transmitted data can be relayed at the plug of the target.

As described above, since the target internal function means

005011-00000000

are provided in the target, the resources of the target such as plugs and buffers are effectively utilized, resulting in simplified structure of the target.

Next, a description will be given of the operation of the controller and the target in the network control system according to the second embodiment.

Figure 22 is a diagram for explaining data transmission and reception between the controller and the target in the network control system according to the second embodiment. In the following description, no initiator is provided, i.e., the controller doubles as an initiator. Although transmission of GUI information will be described as an example, data to be transmitted is not restricted to the GUI information. When the target or the controller is a digital still camera, data to be transmitted is still-picture data, and when the target or the controller is a printer, it is print data. Further, it may be arbitrary file data, such as video data, audio data, program data, or data base information. Initially, when a target is connected to the transmission line 1, the controller existing on this transmission line 1 recognizes this new target by a bus reset signal or the like, and reads information about the target written in the device construction information 7, from the target, through the transmission line 1, and recognizes what the target is and what kind of protocol the target supports. When the target supports the first protocol, the controller inquires of

00601T-0E897950

When the first controller internal function control means 1725 which is one of applications in the controller (it may be the second controller internal function control means 1726 or the third controller internal function control means 1727) displays the GUI information of the target, initially the controller reverses the resources in the controller which are required for the second protocol, and makes a message transmission 2101 shown in figure 22, i.e., a request for connection, to the target by the first protocol. Then, the target checks whether it is possible to connect itself to the connection of the second protocol, and when it is possible, the target connects itself to the connection of the second protocol. When the controller confirms, by a message response 2111, that the target acknowledges the request, the controller connects itself to the second protocol, whereby the connection of the second protocol is

Next, when the first controller internal function control means 1725 requires the GUI information of the target, the first controller internal function control means 1725 transmits a request for data transmission, by a message transmission 2102, to the first target internal function control means 1621. This message transmission 2102 may include information about a notification range that indicates a range within which the controller desires to match its information with that of the target. When the first target internal function control means 1621 acknowledges, the target returns a primary response 2112 as a response to the transmission. Then, the first target internal function control means 1621 transmits the request for data transmission by the second protocol to the connection management means 1620, and the connection management means 1620 transmits the data output from the first target internal function control means 1621, to the controller through the connection of the second protocol.

The message response 2112 may includes version information or the like according to the notification range.

In this way, the controller obtains the data of the GUI information, and displays it on the screen.

When the user selects the display part indicating the playback function of the target by using the pointing function of the remote controller such as a crosshairs key showing up, down,

left, and right, the first controller internal function control means 1725 transmits the ID information of the display part assigned by the target, as a control code, to the target, together with the user operation information, i.e., "selection". That is, the controller transmits the ID information of the display part (control code) and the user operation information ("selection"), as a message transmission 2103, to the first target internal function control means 1621 of the target. The controller can transmit more precise user operation information to the target, and it is supposed that the controller may make another request for data.

The user operation information may be encoded and transmitted together with the ID information of the display part, or each user operation information may be transmitted as one command (the operand is the control code such as the ID information of the display part).

Next, as a response to the operation request, the target returns a message response 2113 indicating that the transmitted message 2103 is received by the target, or rejected, or is not supported.

Next, when the state inside the target is changed and thereby the display part of the GUI information in the target is changed, the first target internal function control means 1621 in the target spontaneously transmits the changed data (display part) by using the second protocol to the controller. That is,

00507" 0E294950

Further, when the controller designates a menu unit as a notification range in the case where the information is changed in the target and the menu to be displayed is changed by the user operation or the like, the target transmits a new menu to the controller and notifies the controller of changed information only when the information in the new menu is changed. This is not restricted to the menu, and is also applicable to each display part.

When the controller ends the display of the device of the target, the controller disconnects itself from the connection of the second protocol, and makes a message transmission 2104 (request for disconnection) to the target by the first protocol.

The target checks whether disconnection of itself from the connection of the second protocol is proper or not. When it is proper, the target disconnects itself from the connection.

After the controller confirms that the target acknowledges the request by a message response 2114, the controller releases the resources in the controller required for the second protocol, which have been reserved by itself.

In the above-description, the connection is established when the controller displays the information of the target on the screen. However, the connection of the second protocol may always be established while power is on the target, or the connection of the second protocol may be created every time the controller requests the GUI information. Alternatively, the initiator may create the connection of the second protocol according to a request from the controller internal function control means. The same may be said of disconnection of the devices from the connection.

Further, with respect to the internal connection of the target, the target internal function control means or the plug in the target may create the connection. The same may be said of disconnection of the internal connection.

The order of the response message 2112 and the data transmission 2201 by the second protocol is arbitrary, and the response message 2112 may be returned after the data transmission 2201 has started. That is, a message indicating a data request

005011 02894950

only instructs data output, and it is not necessary to assure data transmission. When data transmission is assured, the controller receiving this data (or the controller internal function control means) decides whether the requested data has been received correctly, and when the requested data has not been received correctly, the controller makes a second data sequent, or the controller inquires about the state in the target (or target internal function control means) by the first protocol and checks the connection, and then makes a second request according to the situation. In this way, the network control system can deal with unexpected errors, whereby the data are transmitted with high reliability.

When the controller and the consumer are included in different devices, the controller transmits a message (reception request) also to the consumer by the first protocol. Accordingly, when the consumer has received the data correctly, it returns a response message indicating "completion" to the controller. When errors occur during data reception, the consumer returns a message indicating "error" to the controller. Thereby, the controller confirms whether the data has been correctly transmitted or not, and inquires about the state of the target and checks the connection if necessary. Then, according to the situation, the controller outputs a request for retransmission to the target, and a second reception request to the consumer. As described above, since error check is performed according to

006011-02294950

whether the consumer has received the data correctly or not, errors are detected with reliability, and error recovery is executed by the simple method.

While in the above description the GUI information is transmitted by the second protocol, arbitrary data may be transmitted or received by the second protocol, for example, still-picture file data, bit map of part or all of the screen, text data, OSD (On Screen Data), and audio file data. Further, while in the above description the controller displays the data received by the second protocol on the screen, the controller may print or process the received data, with the same effects as mentioned above.

Next, the controller's transmission/reception operation will be described with reference to the drawings. The description about error handling during communication is omitted.

Figures 23(a) and 23(b) are flowcharts each illustrating the operation flow of the controller. To be specific, figure 23(a) shows the operation relating to the first protocol, and figure 23(b) shows the operation relating to the second protocol. The flows shown in figure 23(a) and 23(b) are executed in parallel with each other on the controller.

With reference to figure 23(a), in step 2501, the controller establishes a connection for the second protocol to the target according to a request inside the controller such as the user's pushing a menu button of the remote controller. Then, in step

2502, in order to display the GUI of the target according to the user operation, the controller transmits a message of a request for data to the target. The controller waits for a response to this data request in step 2503. When the controller receives an acknowledgement from the target, it detects the user operation in step 2504.

In the case where the user performs an operation on the operation screen of the controller and then the controller notifies of the target about this operation, the controller transmits the ID information of the object and the user operation information to the target in step 2502.

On the other hand, when there is no user operation, the controller decides whether this operation flow should be ended or not in step 2505. When the controller decides that there is no necessity of displaying the GUI information of the target according to the user operation or the like, the controller disconnects the connection of the second protocol in step 2506. On the other hand, when the controller continues to display the GUI information of the target, the controller checks the user operation to be transmitted to the target in step 2504. Step 2504 is merely an example, and this step is not necessarily performed, that is, this step may be dispensed with.

The operation flow shown in figure 23(b) is started after the controller has established the connection in step 2501 shown in figure 23(a). Initially, the controller checks reception of

data by the second protocol in step 2510. When the controller receives data, it updates the display in step 2514.

After updating the display in step 2514 or when receiving no data in step 2510, the controller decides whether this operation flow should be ended or not in step 2515. When the controller decides that there is no necessity of displaying the GUI information of the target according to the user operation, the controller ends this operation flow. On the other hand, when the controller continues to display the GUI information of the target, it waits for data reception in step 2510. The END decisions in steps 2510 and 2515 may be performed at the same time.

Next, the target's transmission/reception operation will be described with reference to the drawings. The description about error handling during communication is omitted.

Figure 24 is a flowchart showing the operation flow of the target. Initially, the target waits for the controller's establishing the connection of the second protocol, in step 2610. After the connection has been established, the target checks whether there is a message from the controller in step 2602. When there is no message, the target checks its internal state in step 2603. When the state is not changed, the target decides whether the operation flow should be ended or not in step 2611. When the target is disconnected from the connection by the controller or when the target receives an END message from the controller, the target ends this operation flow. On the other

When there is a message in step 2602, the target decides the purpose of this message, and checks the state of the target and whether the target supports this function, and then transmits a response to the message to the controller according to the practicability of this message, in steps 2604 and 2609.

Likewise, when the internal state of the target is changed in step 2603, the target updates the data (function chart) in step 2607, establishes the internal connection between the target internal function control means and the plug of the target in

step 2620, and transmits the data (function chart) to the controller in step 2608. After transmission, the target disconnects the internal connection between the target internal function control means and the plug of the target in step 2621.

When the received message is not a data request but ID information of a display part and user operation information, the target performs processing according to each message in step 2609. To be specific, the target decides the practicability of the message in step 2609. When it is practicable, the target transmits an acknowledgement to the controller, and performs processing corresponding to this message in step 2610. On the other hand, when it is not practicable, the target sends a message such as "execution rejected " to the controller.

While in the above description END decision is made in step 2611, when the target receives a message about disconnection or a message about end of GUI display from the controller, it may be made in step 2610 to end the operation flow.

While the function chart possessed by the target is described as data to be transmitted, data possessed by the target is not restricted thereto.

As described above, since data are transmitted using plural protocols, an appropriate protocol can be used for mass data such as icons, whereby rapid and efficient data transmission is realized. Further, the connection management means and the internal function control means are provided in the target, and

the connection management means establishes the internal connection between the output of the internal function control means and the connection of the second protocol according to a request from the internal function control means. Therefore, even when plural pieces of internal function control means exist in the target as well as when a single internal function control means exists in the target, the initiator need not create the internal connection of the target, and the target can freely establish the internal connection, whereby the target can switch the internal connection according to the responsibility of each internal function control means for data transmission, with the result that the target can be designed with desired performance.

Further, an arbitrary number of internal connections of the target can be established as needed, and plural internal function control means can share one connection of second protocol, whereby the resources required for the second protocol such as buffers and plugs are effectively utilized, resulting in simplified construction of the target. Further, since the processing inside the target is simplified, the load on the target is reduced. Further, the consumer and the controller need not have information relating to the construction of the target, and only one connection is needed even when controlling the target having plural internal function control means, whereby the construction and processing of the controller are simplified. Furthermore, this target can deal with a new function of a device

which will appear in future, and the consumer and the controller can support this target.

Furthermore, since the controller doubles as the consumer, the controller and the consumer can share means and data, whereby association between a message and data which are closely related with each other is facilitated. Therefore, memories such as buffers and the processing are simplified, resulting in a network control system having a simpler construction.

Furthermore, since the controller transmits a message by the first protocol to a plug which indicates a data input/output port of the internal function control means of the target and then the target operates according to this message, the relation between the connection of the second protocol and the message is made clear and, moreover, the data flowing on the connection of the second protocol is associated with the message. Since the message is transmitted to the plug, the target can select a controller which handles the transmitted data by using this plug, or permit only control from a specific controller, or restrict a controller which can control the target. Further, the target may be constructed so that connection or disconnection of the internal connection of the target is performed by a plug. Since the controller itself need not establish the internal connection of the target, a network control system having a simplified construction is realized.

Furthermore, since the controller doubles the consumer, the

006041-00000000

controller and the consumer can share means and data, whereby memories such as buffers and the processing can be simplified. Further, since the target executes the process specified by the message supplied to the plug of the connection of the second protocol, the relation between the instruction from the controller and the output data is made clear, and exclusive control is realized. Thereby, error handling in the case where data has not been received is simplified, resulting in a network control system having a simpler construction.

Especially when plural pieces of internal function control means exist in the target, these internal function control means output data to different plugs, and receive messages directed to the respective internal function control means by the respective plugs, whereby a target having internal function control means capable of completely synchronous operation is easily constructed.

Furthermore, in the case where an internal function control means is controlled by plural controllers, each internal function control means may be managed so that it is controlled by an arbitrary number of controllers, according to resources or the like of the internal function control means, whereby exclusive control is easily realized.

While in this second embodiment the plug of each target internal function control means is described as an output plug, it may be an input plug. To be specific, when the target internal function control means receives a message from the

006071-02894950

controller which indicates an instruction of reception, initially the connection management means 1620 establishes an internal connection between the plug of the target and the input plug of the target internal function control means according to a request from the first target internal function control means 1621. Then, the plug of the target receives data from the connection of the second protocol, and this data is transmitted from the plug of the target to the input plug of the target internal function control means. Also in this case, the same effects as mentioned above are achieved.

Likewise, the controller may be constructed so that the controller internal function control means has an output plug, with the same effects as mentioned above.

APPLICABILITY IN INDUSTRY

As described above, in the network control system according to the present invention, mass data such as icon data can be transmitted efficiently, speedily, and reliably, with a relatively simple construction. Further, even when the target spontaneously transmit data, the controller can easily decide what the target has transmitted. Furthermore, the controller, target, and consumer for the network control system are very useful in constituting the above-described network control system.

CLAIMS

1. A network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices includes either or both of;

at least one controller which transmits a message, and

at least one target which receives the message and performs processing according to the message;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller, said target, and an initiator for establishing a connection for data transmission between said controller and said target;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection established by the initiator; and

said target transmits data onto the connection by the second protocol according to the message received by the first protocol.

2. A network control system for transmitting data between

00607-02894960

devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices includes either or both of;

at least one controller which transmits a message, and

at least one target which receives the message and performs processing according to the message;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller, said target, and an initiator for establishing a connection for data transmission between said controller and said target;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection;

said initiator establishes, before data transmission, a connection of the second protocol between the controller and the target;

when the controller receives the data from the target, said controller makes a data request by the first protocol;

said target transmits the data onto the connection by the second protocol according to the data request; and

005011-00000000

said controller receives the data by the second protocol.

3. A network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices includes either or both of;

at least one target which receives a message and performs processing according to the message, and

at least one controller which transmits the message and establishes a connection for data transmission with the target;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller and said target;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection;

said controller establishes, before data transmission, a connection of the second protocol to the target;

when the controller receives the data from the target, said controller makes a data request by the first protocol;

said target transmits the data onto the connection by the

006011-00000000

second protocol according to the data request; and

said controller receives the data by the second protocol.

4. A network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices includes either or both of;

at least one controller which transmits a message, and

at least one target which receives the message and

performs processing according to the message;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller, said target, and an initiator for establishing a connection for data transmission between said controller and said target;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection;

said initiator establishes, before data transmission, a connection by the second protocol between the controller and the target;

006011-00000000

the target spontaneously transmits data to the controller through the connection by the second protocol; and
 said controller receives the data by the second protocol.

5. A network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices includes either or both of;

at least one target which receives a message and performs processing according to the message, and

at least one controller which transmits the message and establishes a connection for data transmission with the target;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller and said target;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection;

said controller establishes, before data transmission, a connection of the second protocol to the target;

the target spontaneously transmits data to the controller

006077" 02094950

through the connection by the second protocol; and

said controller receives the data by the second protocol.

6. A network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units;

at least one controller which receives and transmits a message,

at least one target which performs processing according to the message and includes at least one internal function control means,

a consumer which receives data from the target, and

an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller, said target, said consumer, and said initiator;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the

006071 DEB4950

connection; and

when said internal function control means performs said data transmission, a connection management means in the target connects the output of the internal function control means to the connection of the second protocol, according to a request of the internal function control means.

7. A network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units;

at least one controller which receives and transmits a message,

at least one target which performs processing according to the message and includes at least one internal function control means,

a consumer which receives data from the target, and

an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller, said target, said consumer, and said initiator;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and

said target transmits data including an identifier which specifies the output source of the data, onto the connection, according to the second protocol.

8. A network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units;

at least one controller which receives and transmits a message,

a target which performs processing according to the message,

a consumer which receives data from the target, and

an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller, said target, said consumer, and said initiator;

005011-00000000

said plural protocols comprise a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection;

said controller transmits an identifier indicating the destination in the consumer, to the target, using the first protocol; and

said target transmits the data including the identifier which indicates the destination and is received by the first protocol, onto the connection, using the second protocol.

9. A network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units;

at least one controller which receives and transmits a message,

at least one target which performs processing according to the message and includes at least one internal function control means,

a consumer which receives data from the target, and
an initiator which establishes a connection for data

transmission between the target and the consumer;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller, said target, said consumer, and said initiator;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection;

said controller transmits the message by the first protocol to a plug through which data is input and output to/from a desired internal function control means; and

said target executes the process specified by the message directed to the plug.

10. A network control system as described in any of Claims 1 to 9, wherein said message includes a message for confirming the data transmission by the second protocol.

11. A network control system as described in any of Claims 1 to 9, wherein the data transmitted by the second protocol includes version information, and the version of the data is managed by using the version information.

12. A network control system as described in any of Claims 1 to

006077-02897950

9, wherein the data transmitted by the second protocol is information about a graphical user interface which forces the controller to make a notification to the user.

13. A network control system as described in any of Claims 1 to 9, wherein the data transmitted by the second protocol includes attribute information of the data.

14. A network control system as described in Claim 13 wherein the attribute information includes an identifier, size information, and a data section.

15. A network control system as described in any of Claims 1 to 9, wherein the data transmitted by the second protocol is based on an object as a unit.

16. A network control system as described in Claim 15, wherein said object has the same structure as attribute information of the data transmitted by the second protocol.

17. A network control system as described in Claim 15, wherein said object has an identifier, size information, and a data section.

18. A network control system as described in Claim 15, wherein

006011 DE 94 03 50

said object has attribute information in the data section.

19. A controller used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices includes either or both of;

at least one controller which transmits a message, and

at least one target which receives the message and

performs processing according to the message;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller and said target;

a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target is established by an initiator or the controller;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and

said controller supports the plural protocols, transmits the message by the first protocol, and receives the data from the connection by the second protocol.

006077-02894960

20. A controller used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices includes either or both of;

at least one controller which transmits a message, and

at least one target which receives the message and

performs processing according to the message;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller and said target;

a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target is established by an initiator or the controller;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and

said controller supports the plural protocols, makes a data request by the first protocol, and receives the data transmitted according to the data request, from the connection, by the second protocol.

21. A controller used in a network control system for

transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices includes either or both of;

at least one controller which transmits a message, and

at least one target which receives the message and performs processing according to the message;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller and said target;

a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target is established by an initiator or the controller;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and

said controller supports the plural protocols, establishes the connection to the target in advance, makes a data request by the first protocol when receiving data, and receives the data transmitted according to the data request, from the connection, by the second protocol.

22. A controller used in a network control system for

00607 DEB54960

transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices includes either or both of;

at least one controller which transmits a message, and

at least one target which receives the message and

performs processing according to the message;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller and said target;

a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target is established by an initiator or the controller;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and

said controller supports the plural protocols, and receives the data which is transmitted onto the connection spontaneously by the target according to the second protocol.

23. A controller used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one

006011-0289950

kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices includes either or both of;

at least one controller which transmits a message, and

at least one target which receives the message and

performs processing according to the message;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller and said target;

a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target is established by an initiator or the controller;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and

said controller supports the plural protocols, establishes the connection of the second protocol to the target in advance of data transmission, and receives the data which is transmitted onto the connection spontaneously by the target according to the second protocol.

24. A controller used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one

006074 DEB94960

kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units;

at least one controller which receives and transmits a message,

a target which performs processing according to the message,

a consumer which receives data from the target, and

an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection;

said network control system comprises, at least, said target which transmits data including an identifier indicating the destination and received by the first protocol, onto the connection, according to the second protocol, said controller, said consumer, and said initiator; and

said controller transmits the identifier indicating the destination in the consumer, to the target, using the first protocol.

00607 DEB4960

25. A controller used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units;

at least one controller which receives and transmits a message,

at least one target which performs processing according to the message and includes at least one internal function control means,

a consumer which receives data from the target, and

an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection;

said network control system comprises, at least, said target which executes the process specified by the message directed to a plug through which data is input and output to/from a desired

internal function control means, said controller, said consumer, and said initiator; and

said controller transmits the message to the plug using the first protocol.

26. A target used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices includes either or both of;

at least one controller which transmits a message, and

at least one target which receives the message and

performs processing according to the message;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller and said target;

a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target is established by an initiator or the controller;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and

said target supports the plural protocols, and transmits the

00507" DEE54960

data onto the connection by the second protocol according to the message received by the first protocol.

27. A target used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices includes either or both of;

at least one controller which transmits a message, and

at least one target which receives the message and

performs processing according to the message;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller and said target;

a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target is established by an initiator or the controller;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and

said target supports the plural protocols, and transmits the data onto the connection by the second protocol, according to a data request from the controller by the first protocol.

006071 DEB94960

each of the devices includes either or both of;

- at least one controller which transmits a message, and
- at least one target which receives the message and performs processing according to the message;

a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target is established by an initiator or the controller;

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and

29. A target used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in

which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units;

at least one controller which receives and transmits a message,

at least one target which performs processing according to the message and includes at least one internal function control means,

a consumer which receives data from the target, and

an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller, said target, said consumer, and said initiator;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and

in said target, when the internal function control means performs the data transmission, a connection management means in the target connects the output of the internal function control means to the connection of the second protocol, according to a

006077 DE 894960

request from the internal function control means.

30. A target used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units;

at least one controller which receives and transmits a message,

at least one target which performs processing according to the message and includes at least one internal function control means,

a consumer which receives data from the target, and

an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller, said target, said consumer, and said initiator;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and

00607" DEB4960

said target transmits data including an identifier which specifies the output source of the data, onto the connection, by the second protocol.

31. A target used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units;

at least one controller which receives and transmits a message,

a target which performs processing according to the message,

a consumer which receives data from the target, and
an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection;

said network control system comprises, at least, said

00607T 0284960

controller which transmits an identifier indicating the destination in the consumer by the first protocol to the target, said target, said consumer, and said initiator; and

said target transmits the data which includes the identifier indicating the destination and is received by the first protocol, onto the connection, by the second protocol.

32. A target used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units;

at least one controller which receives and transmits a message,

at least one target which performs processing according to the message and includes at least one internal function control means,

a consumer which receives data from the target, and

an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a

006017"0E394960

response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection;

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller which transmits the message by the first protocol to a plug through which data is input and output to/from a desired internal function control means, said target, said consumer, and said initiator; and

said target executes the process specified by the message directed to the plug.

33. A consumer used in a network control system for transmitting data between devices by using plural protocols, in a network in which at least two devices for handling at least one kind of data among video data, audio data, and information data, are connected through a transmission line, wherein:

each of the devices comprises at least one of the following units;

said consumer,

at least one controller which receives and transmits a message,

a target which performs processing according to the message, and

an initiator which establishes a connection for data transmission between the target and the consumer;

006071" 02297960

said network control system comprises, at least, said controller, said target, said consumer, and said initiator;

said plural protocols comprise;

a first protocol which comprises message transmission for transmitting the message and message response which is a response to the message transmission, and

a second protocol for data transmission onto the connection; and

said consumer receives data including an identifier indicating the destination in the consumer, which data is transmitted by the target onto the connection by the second protocol and received from the controller by the first protocol.

00607T 08394960

Year	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100																																																																																																																																																																																																
Population (millions)	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.9	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.5	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.9	8.0	8.1	8.2	8.3	8.4	8.5	8.6	8.7	8.8	8.9	9.0	9.1	9.2	9.3	9.4	9.5	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.9	10.0	10.1	10.2	10.3	10.4	10.5	10.6	10.7	10.8	10.9	11.0	11.1	11.2	11.3	11.4	11.5	11.6	11.7	11.8	11.9	12.0	12.1	12.2	12.3	12.4	12.5	12.6	12.7	12.8	12.9	13.0	13.1	13.2	13.3	13.4	13.5	13.6	13.7	13.8	13.9	14.0	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.4	14.5	14.6	14.7	14.8	14.9	15.0	15.1	15.2	15.3	15.4	15.5	15.6	15.7	15.8	15.9	16.0	16.1	16.2	16.3	16.4	16.5	16.6	16.7	16.8	16.9	17.0	17.1	17.2	17.3	17.4	17.5	17.6	17.7	17.8	17.9	18.0	18.1	18.2	18.3	18.4	18.5	18.6	18.7	18.8	18.9	19.0	19.1	19.2	19.3	19.4	19.5	19.6	19.7	19.8	19.9	20.0	20.1	20.2	20.3	20.4	20.5	20.6	20.7	20.8	20.9	21.0	21.1	21.2	21.3	21.4	21.5	21.6	21.7	21.8	21.9	22.0	22.1	22.2	22.3	22.4	22.5	22.6	22.7	22.8	22.9	23.0	23.1	23.2	23.3	23.4	23.5	23.6	23.7	23.8	23.9	24.0	24.1	24.2	24.3	24.4	24.5	24.6	24.7	24.8	24.9	25.0	25.1	25.2	25.3	25.4	25.5	25.6	25.7	25.8	25.9	26.0	26.1	26.2	26.3	26.4	26.5	26.6	26.7	26.8	26.9	27.0	27.1	27.2	27.3	27.4	27.5	27.6	27.7	27.8	27.9	28.0	28.1	28.2	28.3	28.4	28.5	28.6	28.7	28.8	28.9	29.0	29.1	29.2	29.3	29.4	29.5	29.6	29.7	29.8	29.9	30.0	30.1	30.2	30.3	30.4	30.5	30.6	30.7	30.8	30.9	31.0	31.1	31.2	31.3	31.4

This network control system comprises a controller for transmitting a message, a target for performing processing according to the message, and an initiator for establishing a connection for data transmission between the controller and the target, and the system performs data transmission by using plural protocols. Either or both of the controller and the target is/are present in a device, and the target is constructed so that it receives a message by a first protocol (one of the plural protocols) and transmits data onto the connection by a second protocol (the other protocol) according to the message.

Fig.1

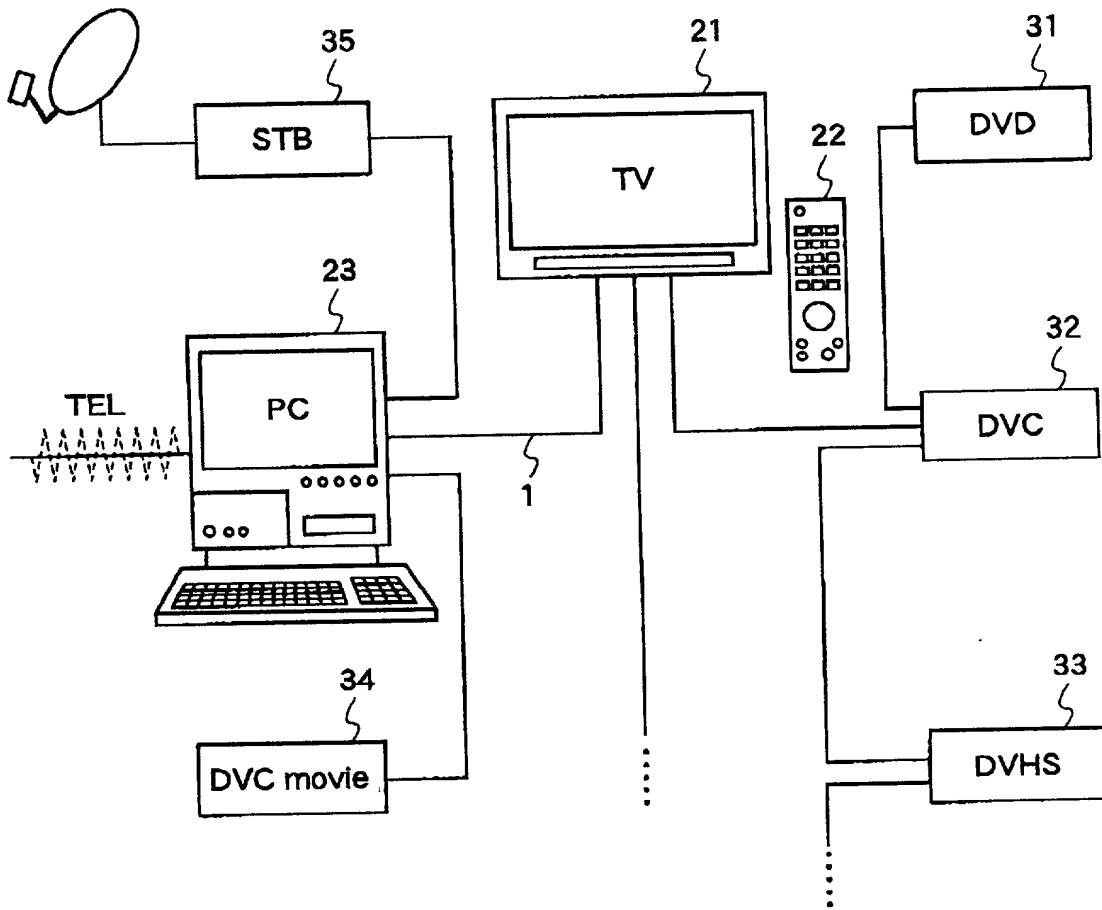


Fig.2

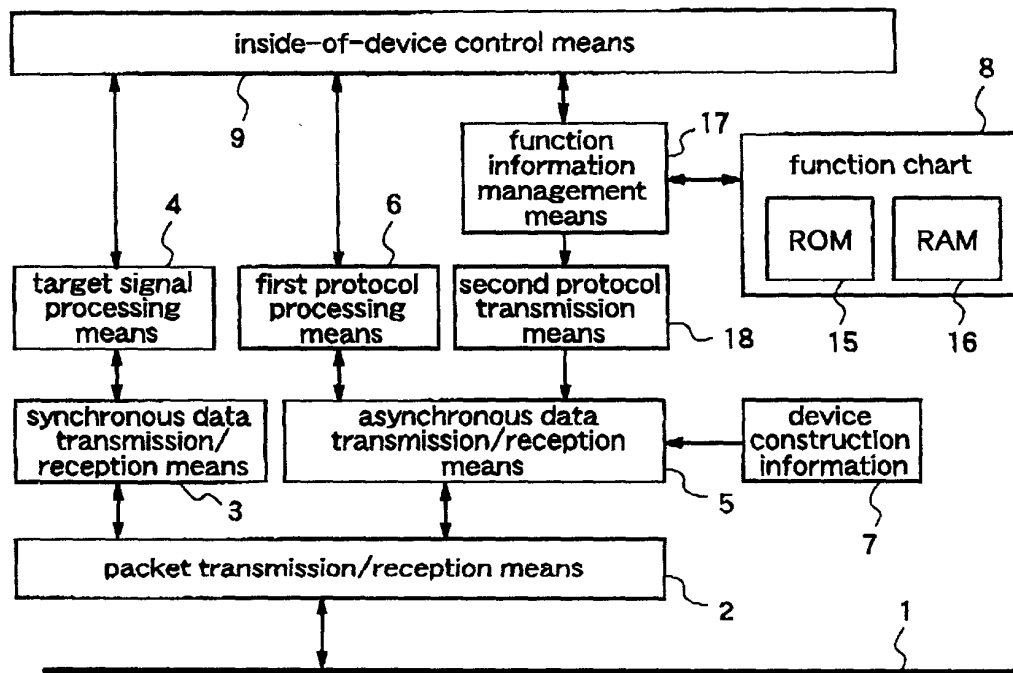
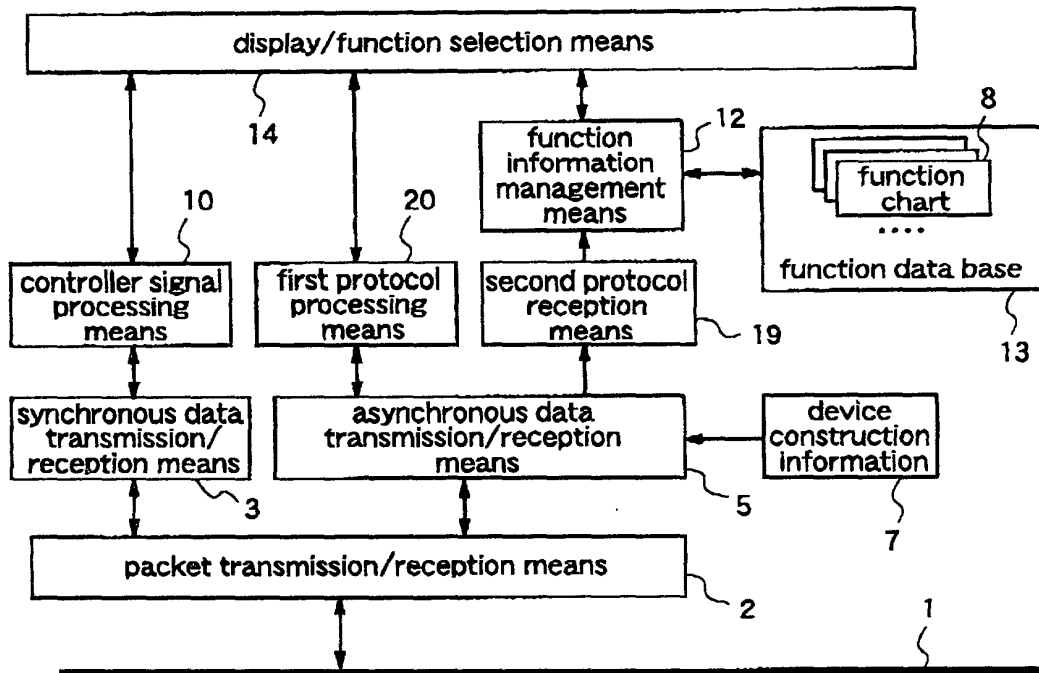


Fig.3



4/22

Fig.4 (a)

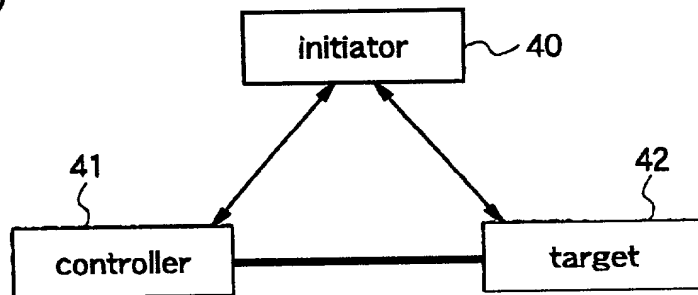


Fig.4 (b)

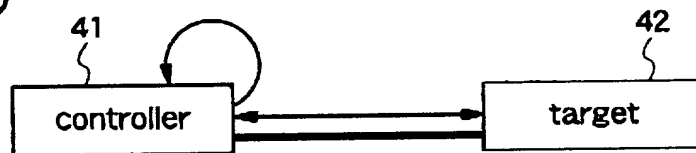
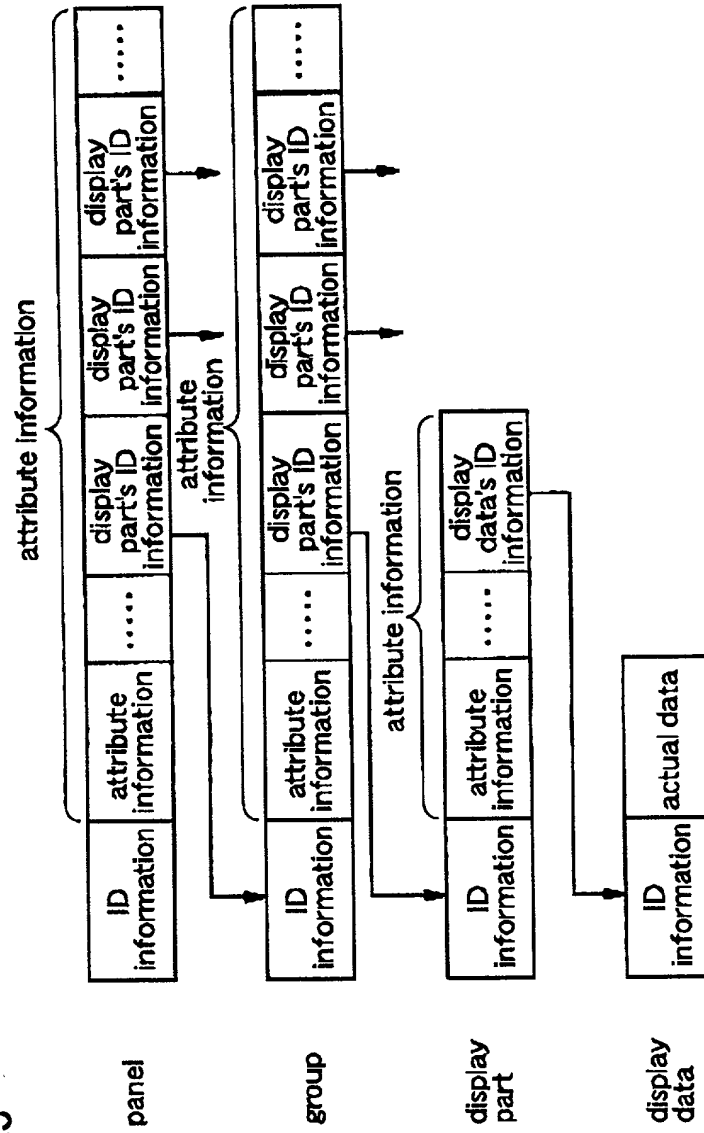
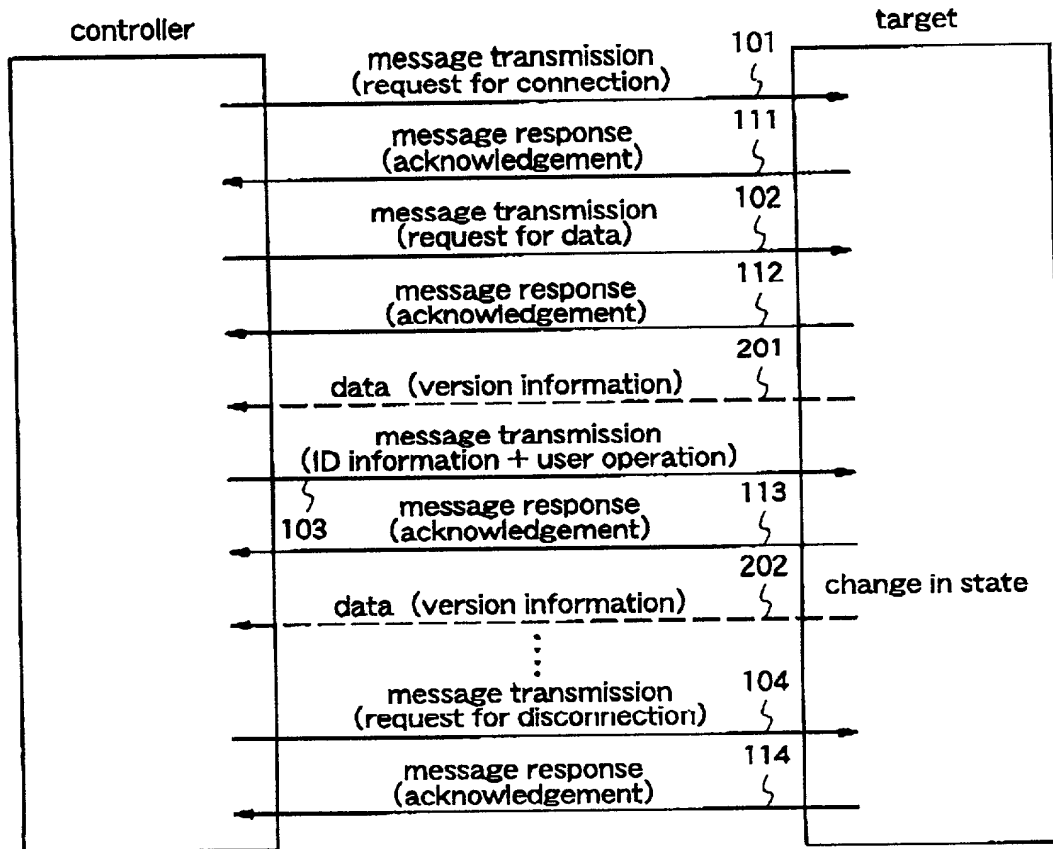


Fig.5



6/22

Fig.6



00607" 0000000000

Fig.7 (a)

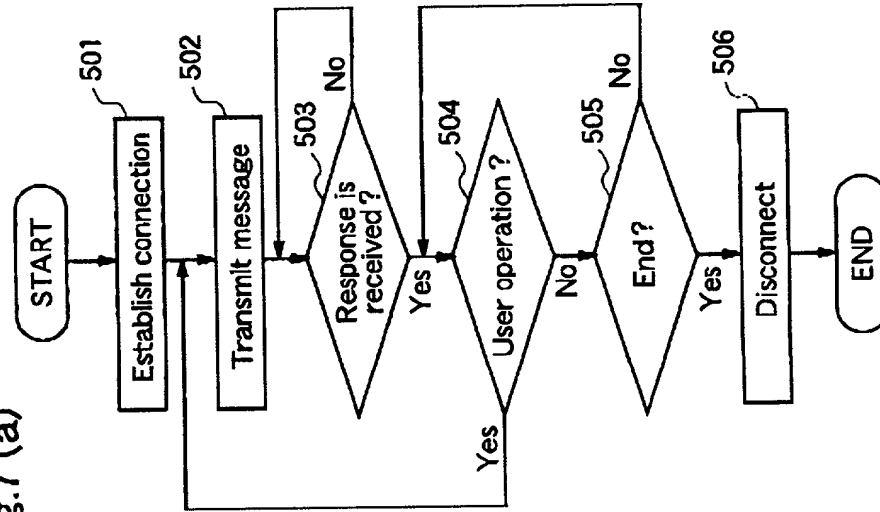


Fig.7 (b)

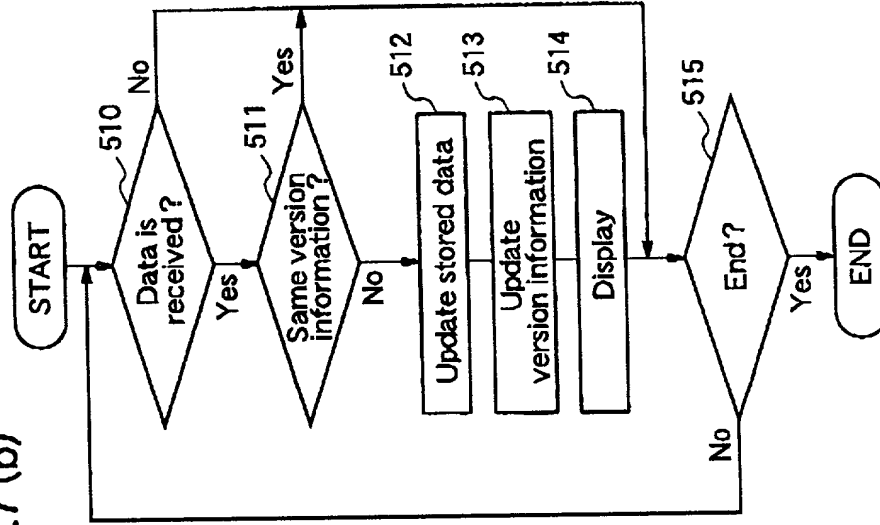
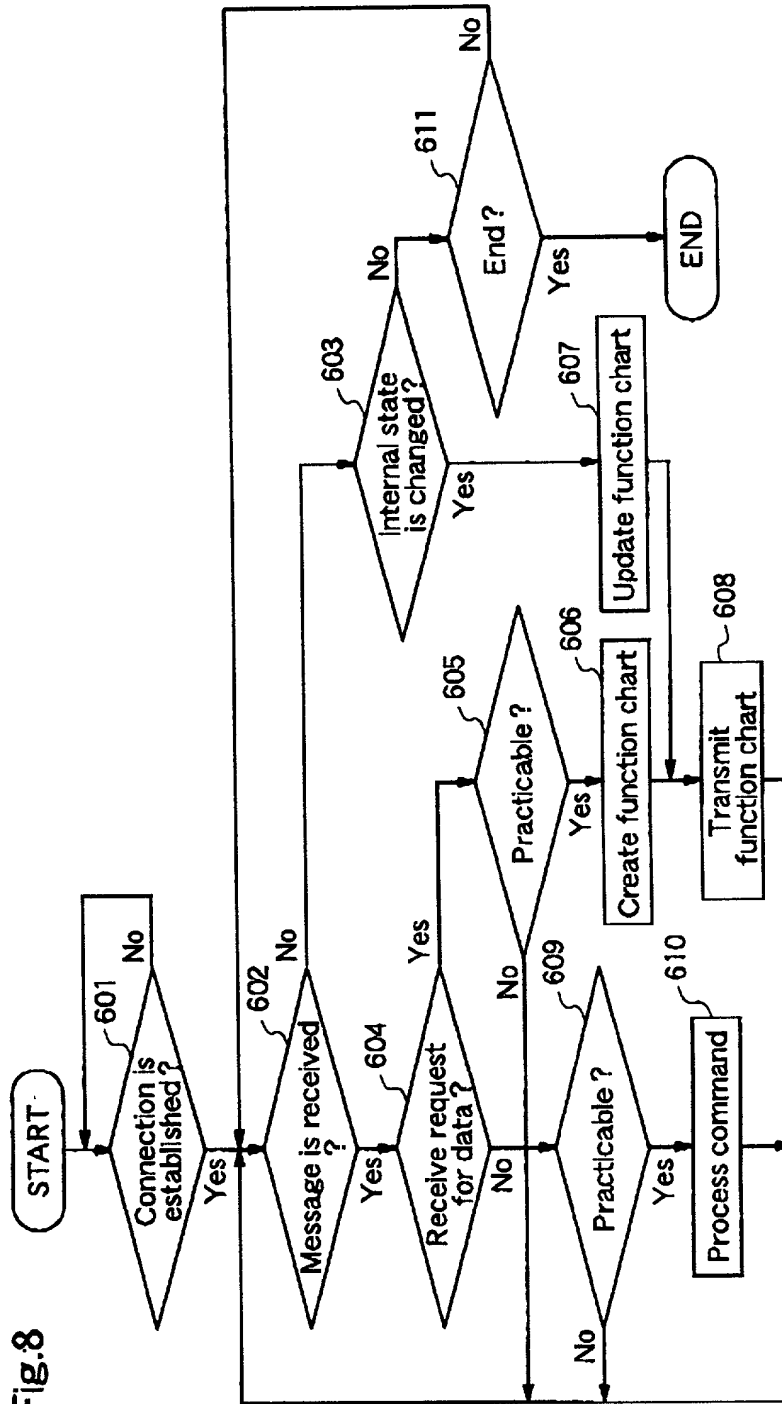
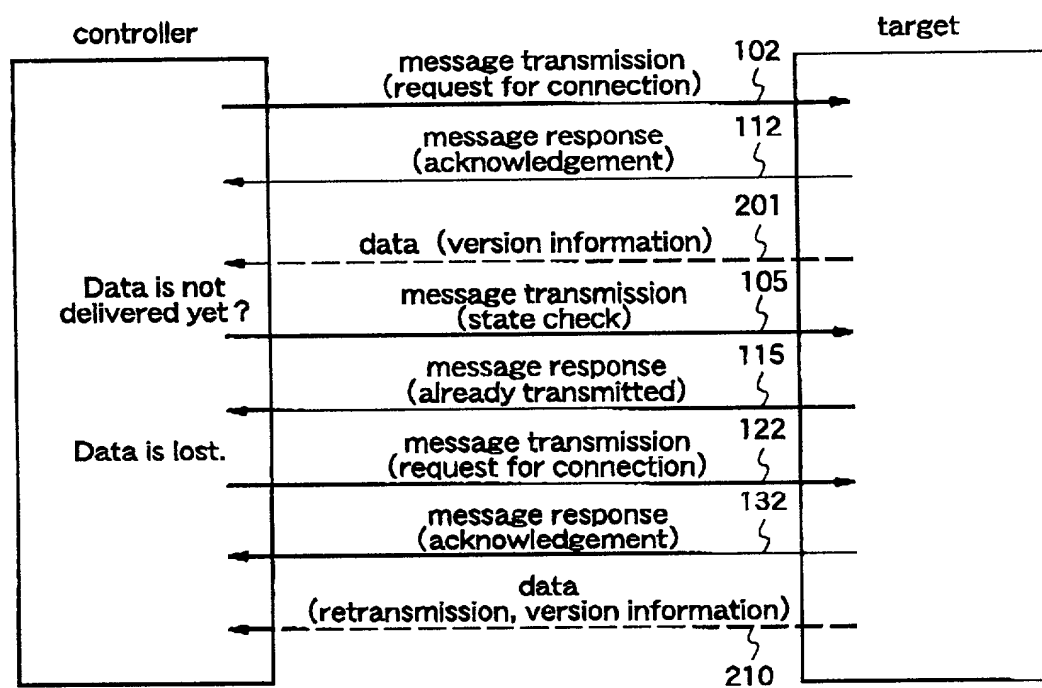


Fig.8



9/22

Fig.9



00607 DEB94960

Fig.10 (a)

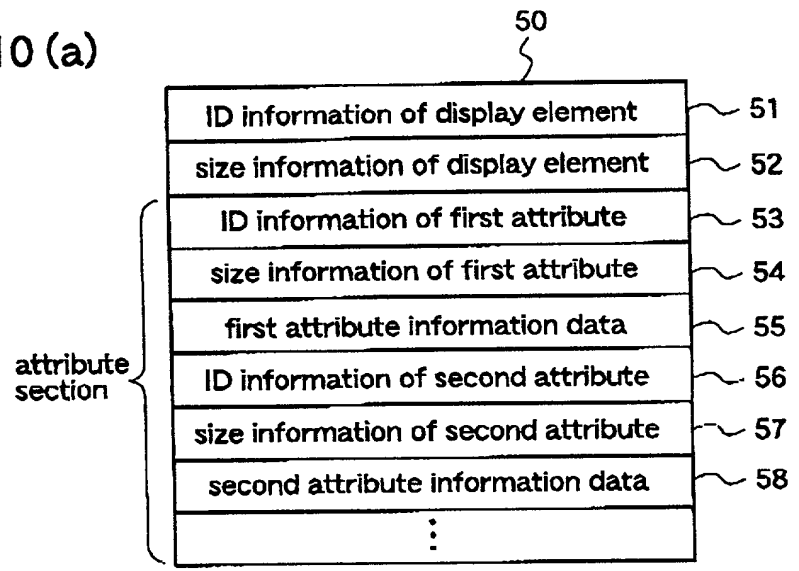


Fig.10 (b)

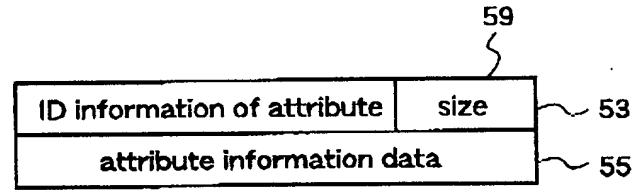


Fig.11

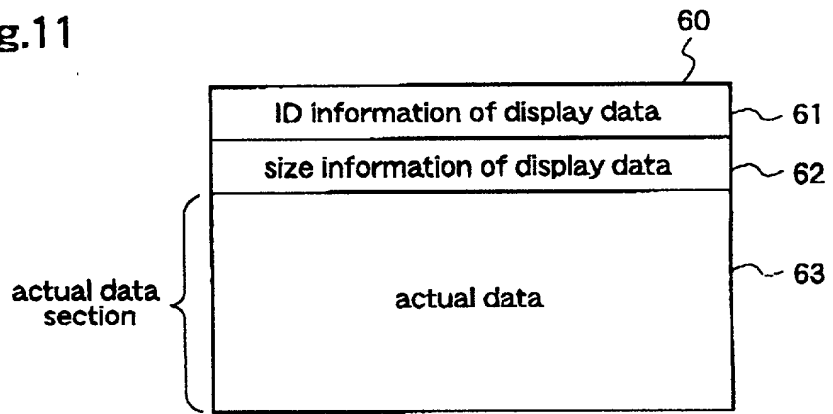
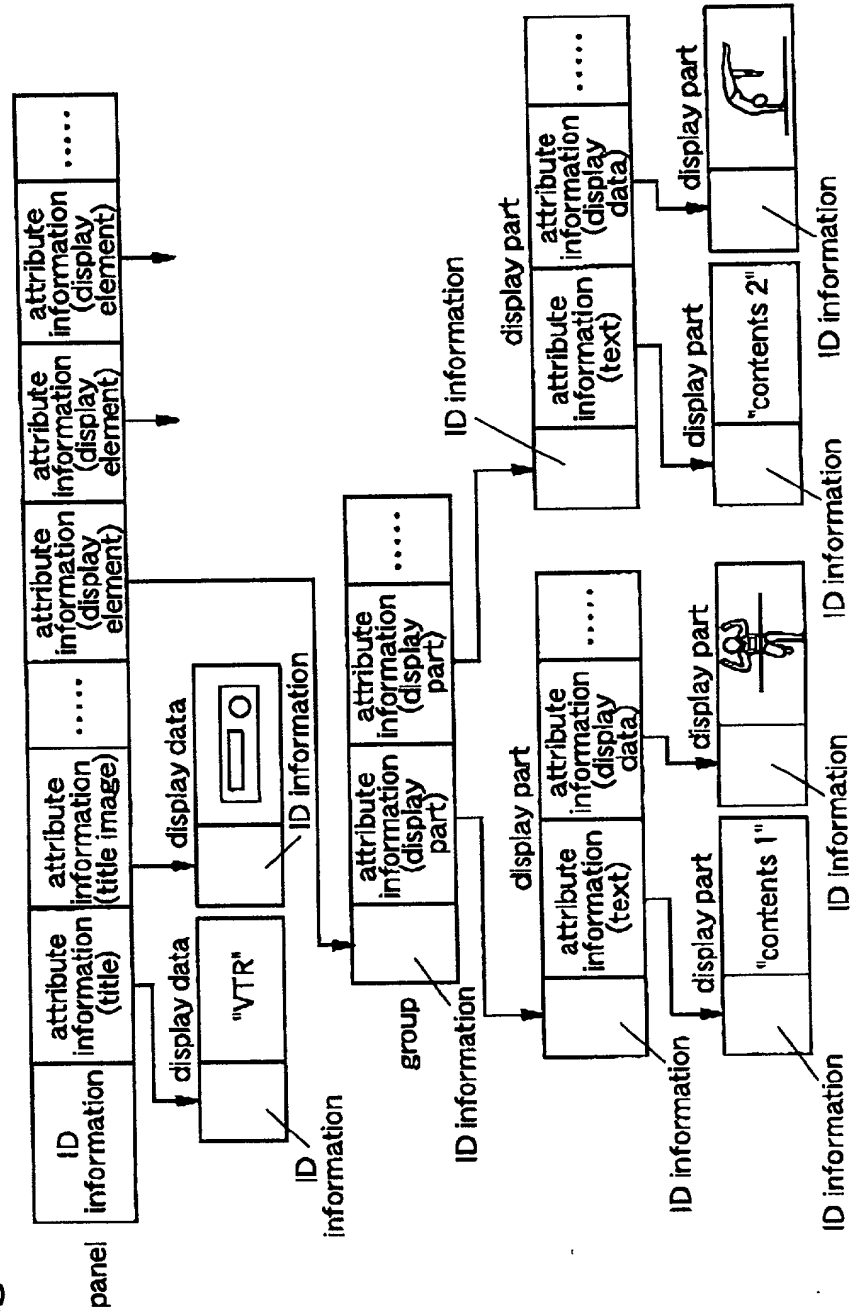


Fig. 12



12/22

Fig.13

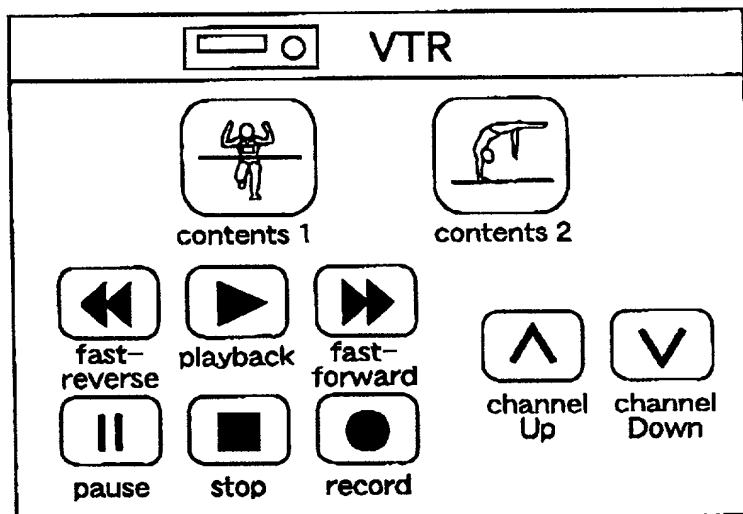


Fig.14

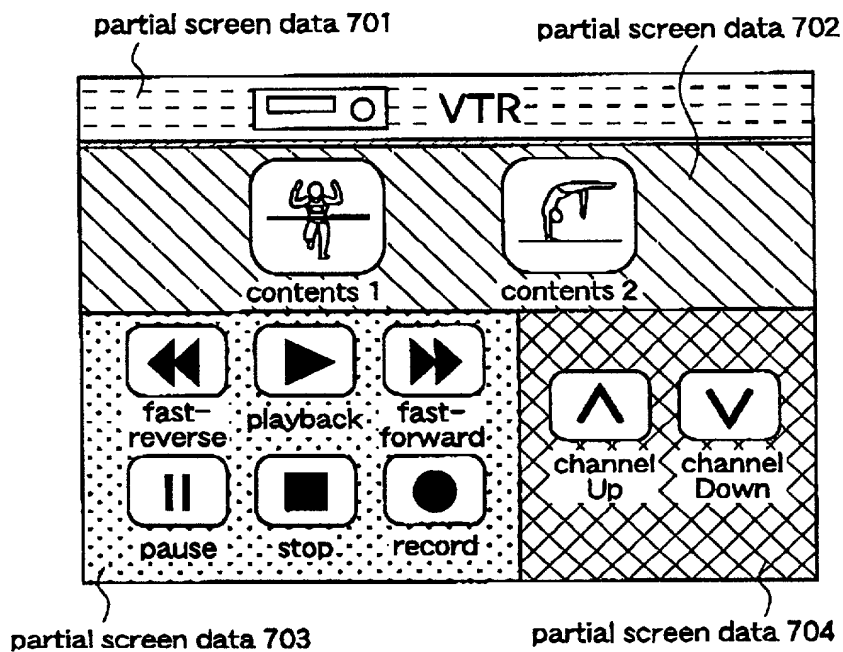
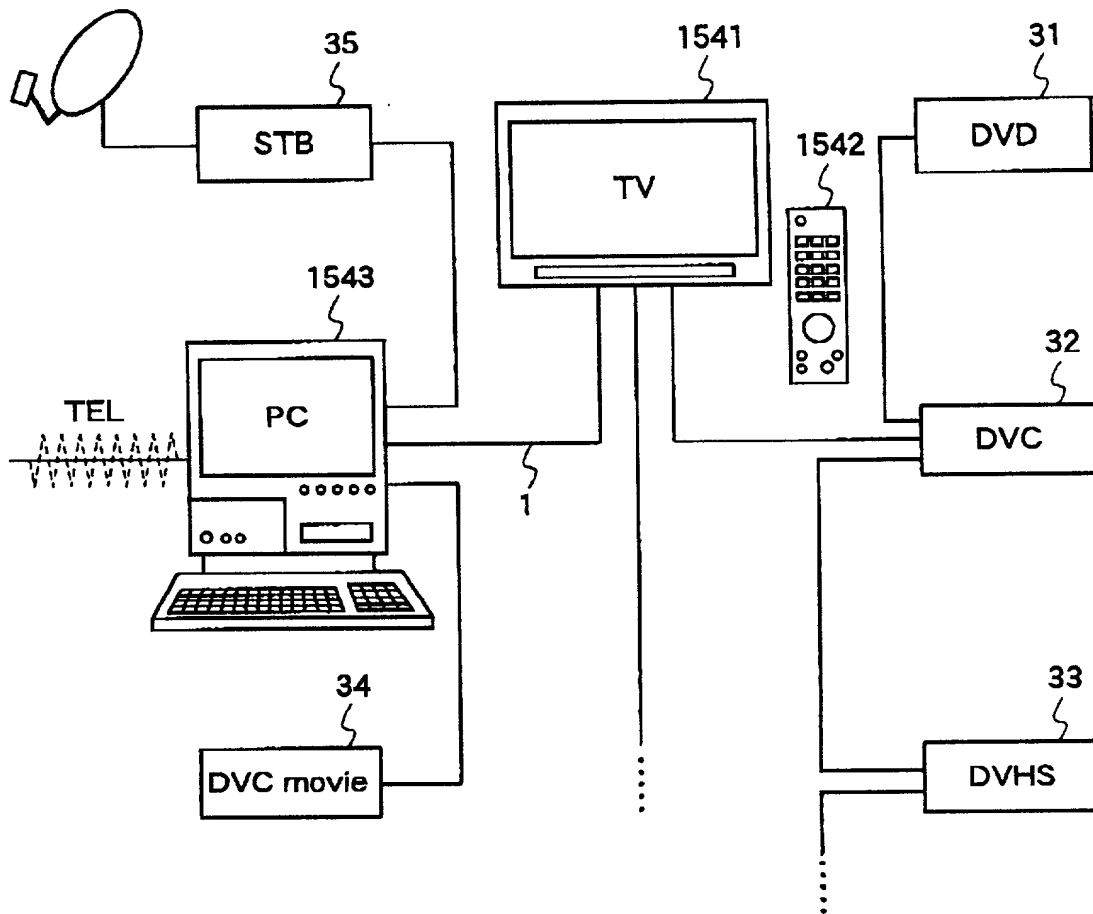
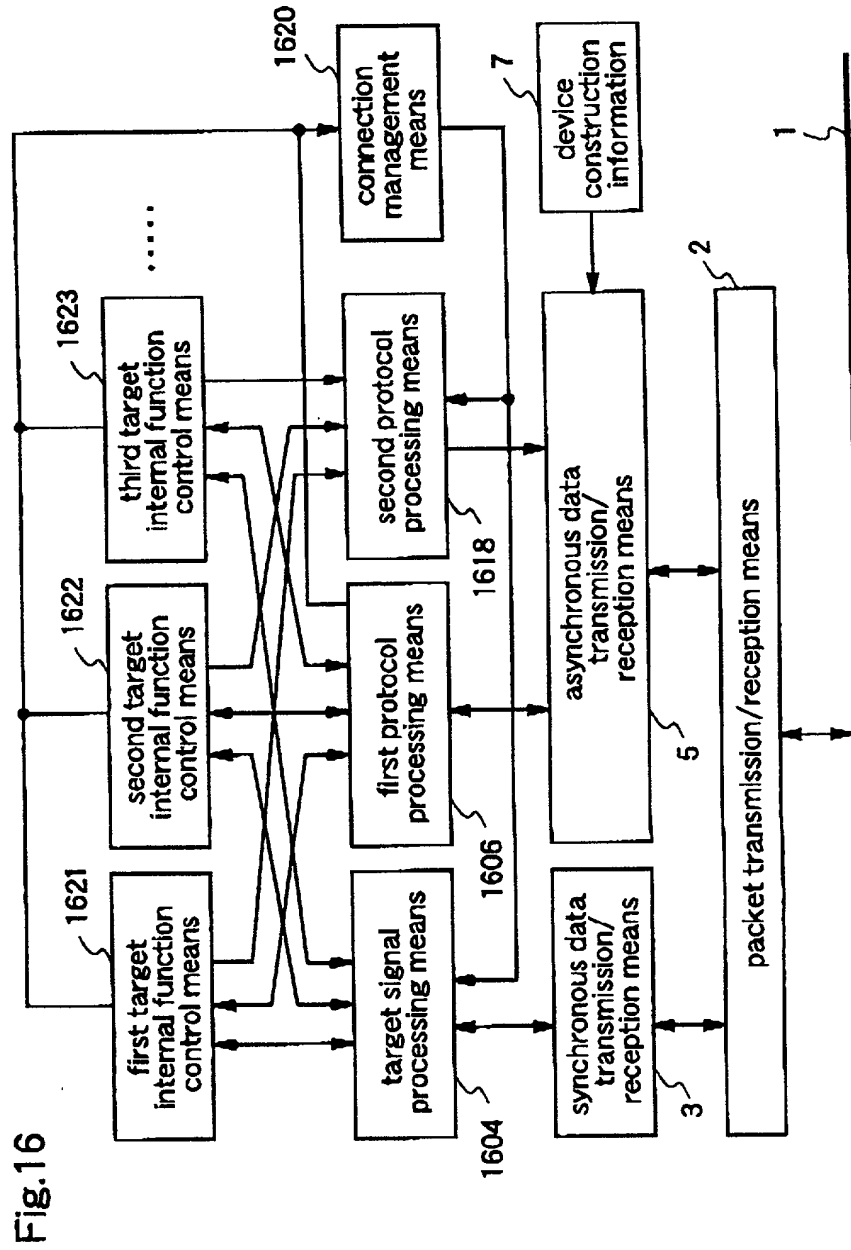


Fig.15





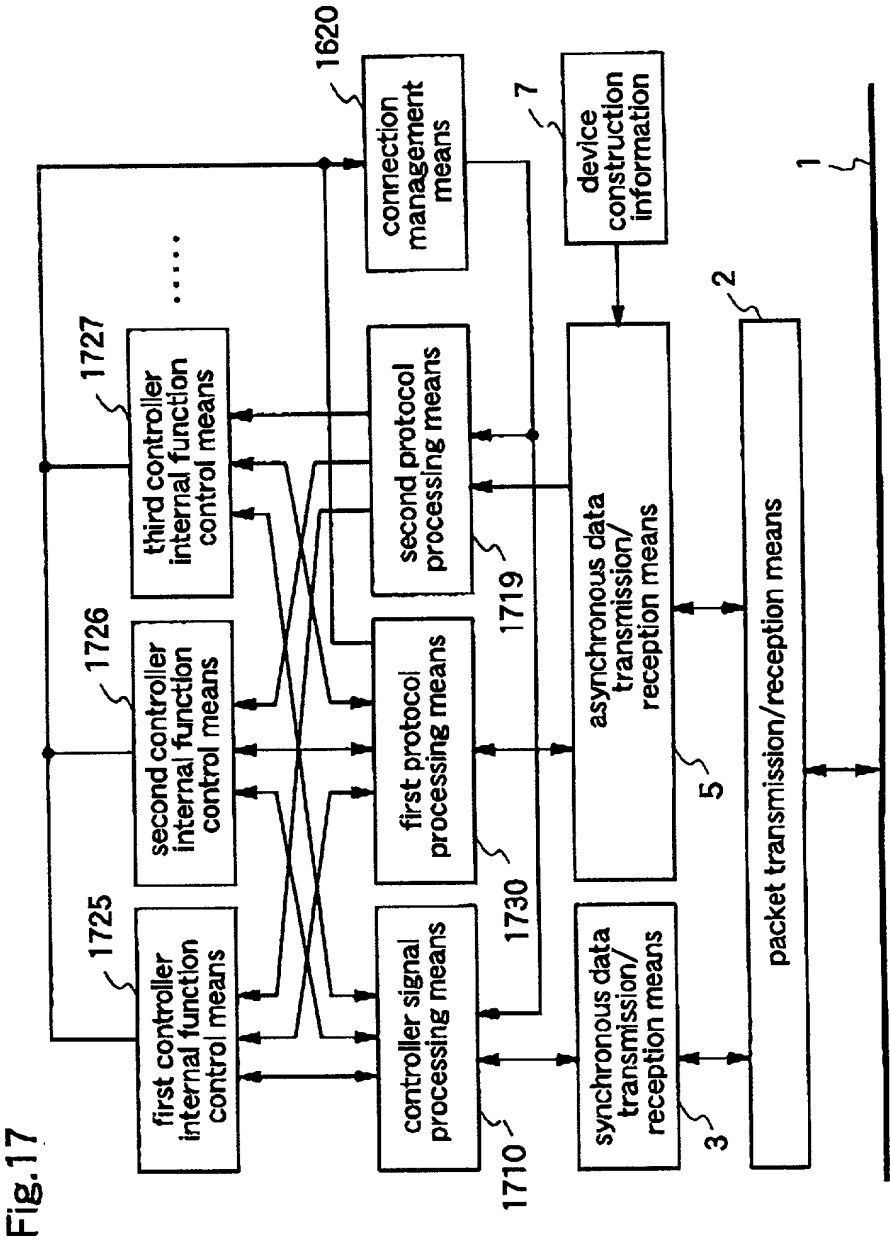


Fig.18 (a)

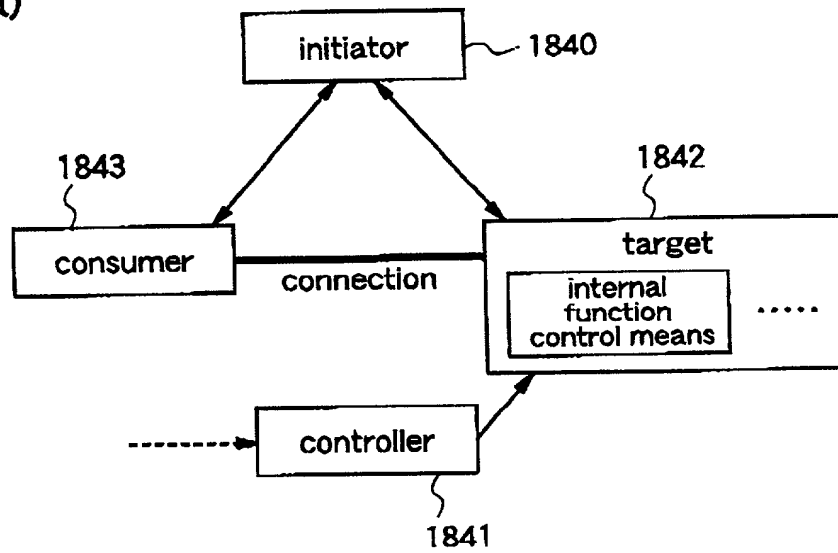


Fig.18 (b)

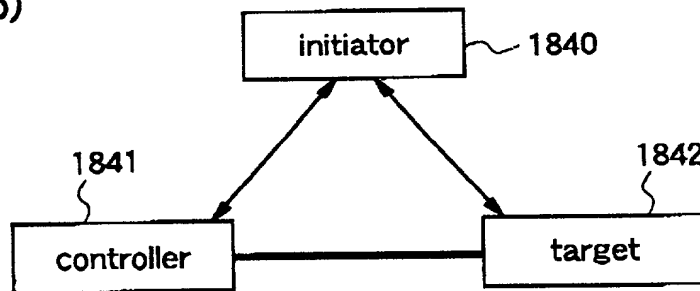


Fig.18 (c)



Fig.19

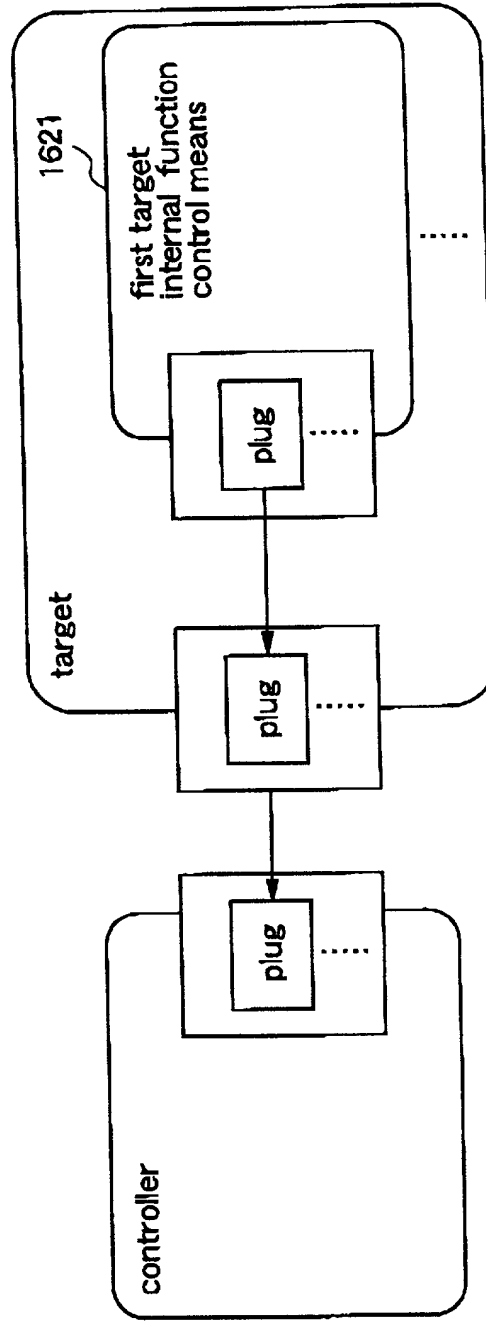


Fig.20

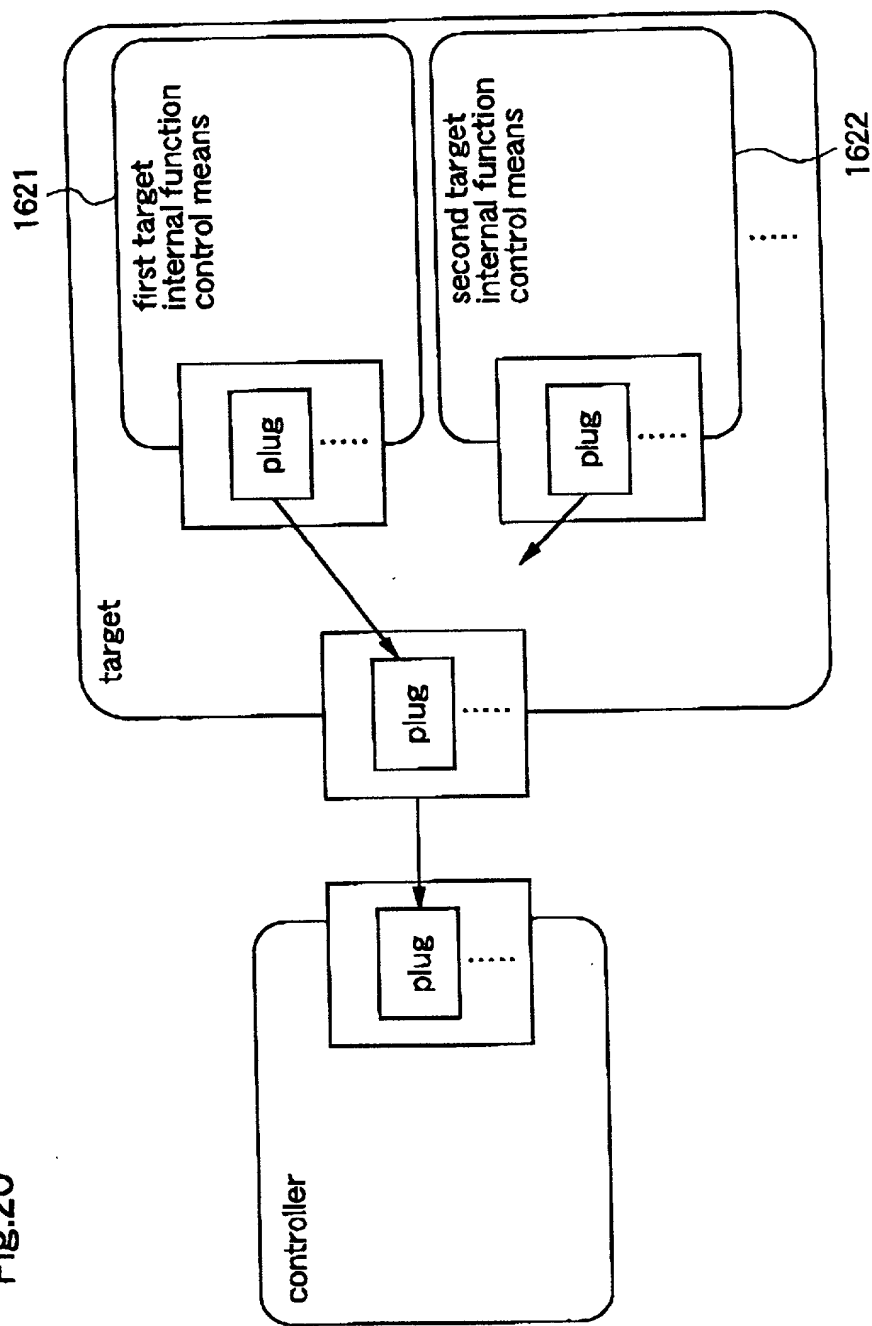


Fig.21

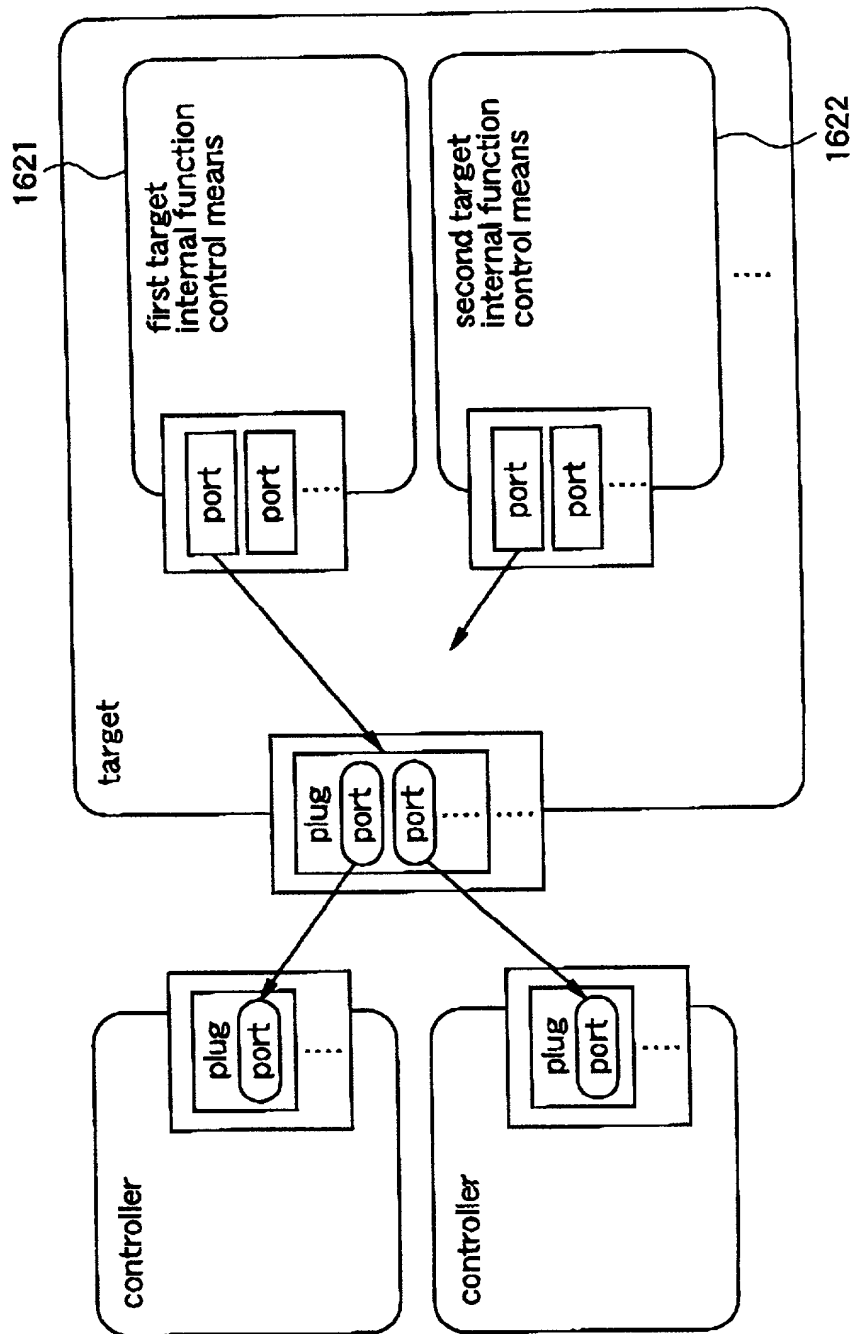


Fig.22

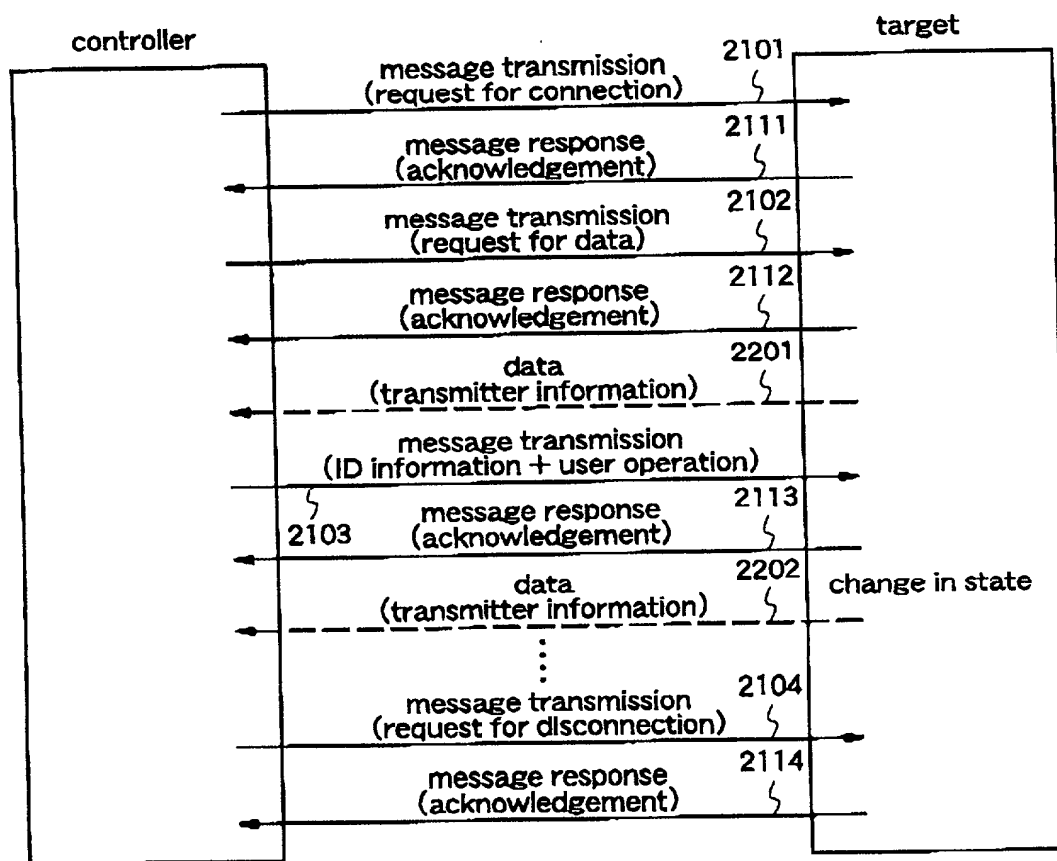


Fig.23 (a)

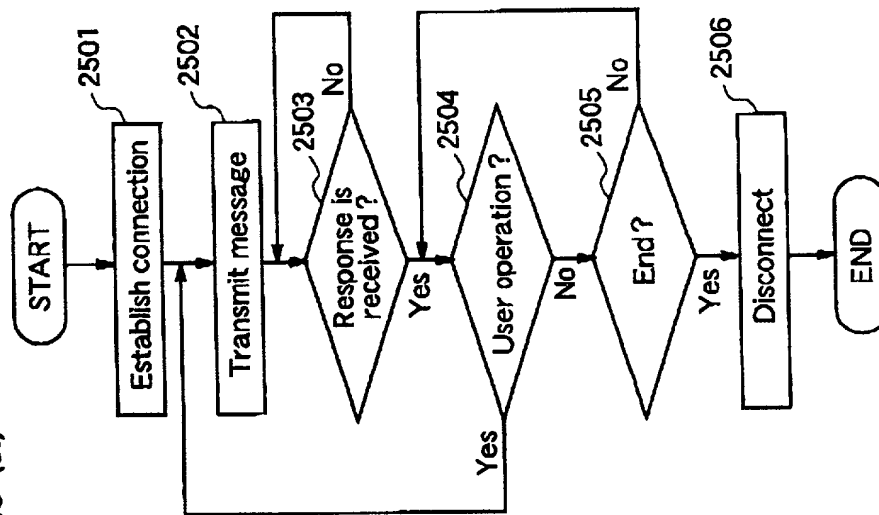


Fig.23 (b)

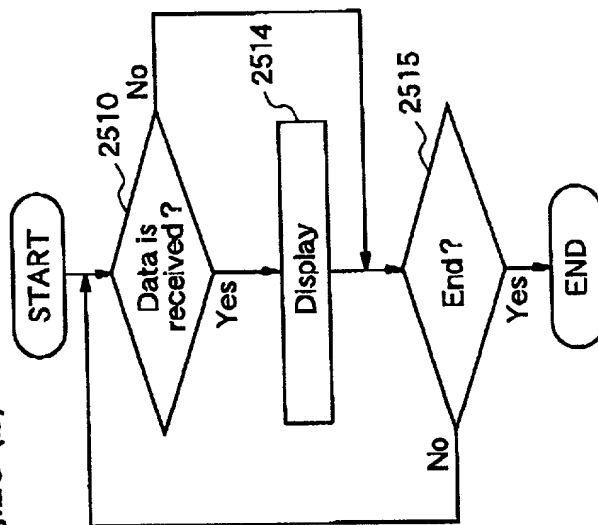
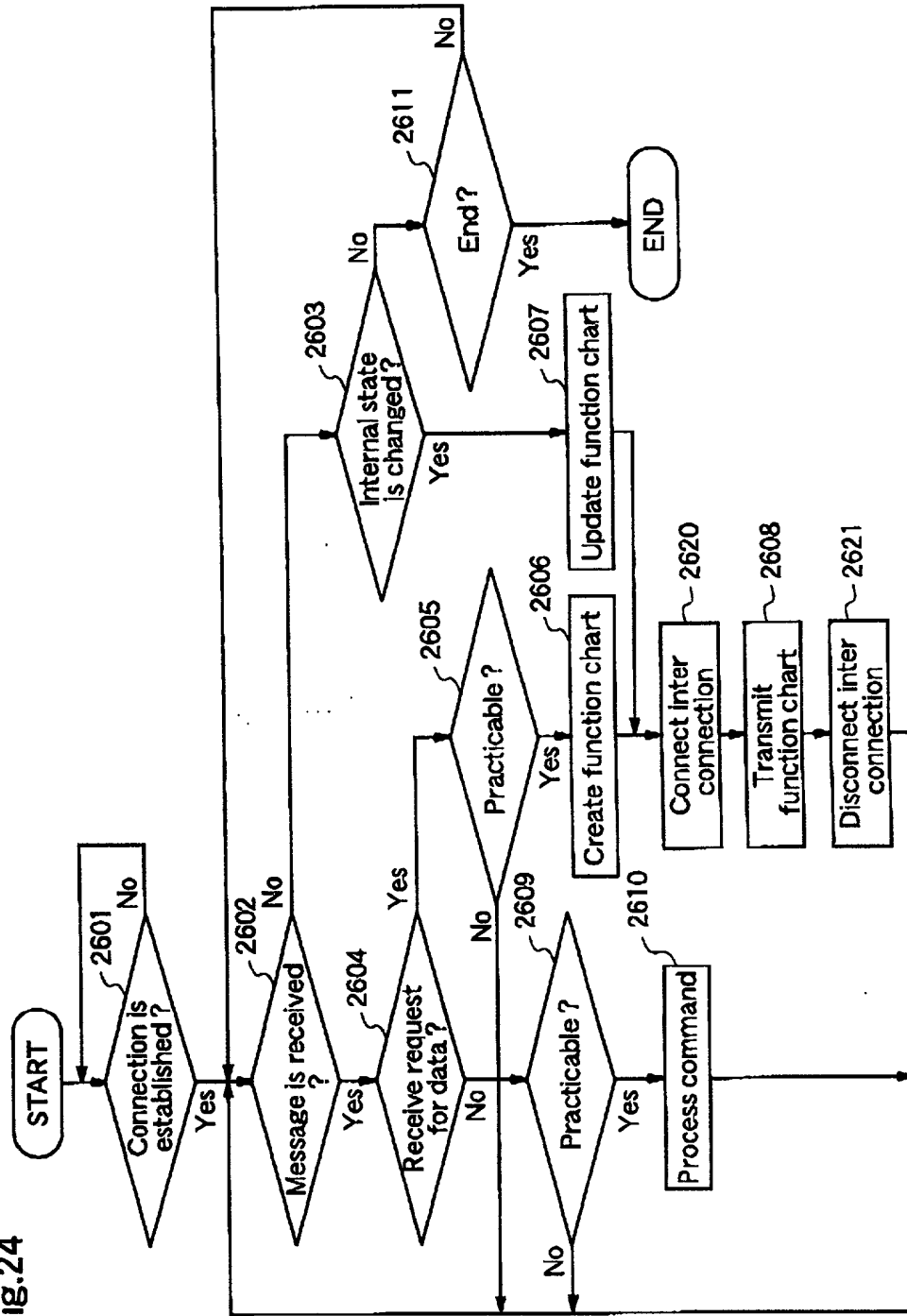


Fig.24



DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR U.S. PATENT APPLICATION

☐ Original ☐ Supplemental ☐ Substitute ☒ PCT ☐ DESIGN

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that: my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name; that I verily believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural inventors are named below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

Title: NETWORK CONTROL SYSTEM, AND CONTROLLER, TARGET, AND CONSUMER USED IN THE NETWORK CONTROL SYSTEM

of which is described and claimed in:

☐ the attached specification, or
☐ the specification in application Serial No. _____, filed _____, and with amendments through (if applicable), or
☒ the specification in International Application No. PCT/JP00/00307, filed January 21, 2000, and as amended on (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the content of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment(s) referred to above.

I acknowledge my duty to disclose to the Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

I hereby claim priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 (and §172 if this application is for a Design) of any application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

COUNTRY	APPLICATION NO.	DATE OF FILING	PRIORITY CLAIMED
Japan	11-14532	January 22, 1999	YES
Japan	11-49488	February 26, 1999	YES

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

APPLICATION SERIAL NO.	U.S. FILING DATE	STATUS: PATENTED, PENDING, ABANDONED

And I hereby appoint Michael R. Davis, Reg. No. 25,134; Matthew M. Jacob, Reg. No. 25,154; Jeffrey Nolton, Reg. No. 25,408; Warren M. Cheek, Jr., Reg. No. 33,367; Nils Pedersen, Reg. No. 33,145; and Charles R. Watts, Reg. No. 33,142, who together constitute the firm of WENDEROTH, LIND & PONACK, L.L.P., jointly and severally, attorneys to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

I hereby authorize the U.S. attorneys named herein to accept and follow instructions from HAYASE & CO. as to any action to be taken in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office regarding this application without direct communication between the U.S. attorneys and myself. In the event of a change in the persons from whom instructions may be taken, the U.S. attorneys named herein will be so notified by me.

Send Correspondence to

Direct Telephone Calls to:

WENDEROTH, LIND & PONACK, L.L.P.
2033 K Street, N.W., Suite 800
Washington, D.C. 20006

WENDEROTH, LIND & PONACK, L.L.P.
Area Code (202) 721-8200

Direct Facsimile Messages to:
Area Code (202) 721-8250

Full Name of First Inventor	FAMILY NAME <u>YANAGAWA</u>	FIRST GIVEN NAME <u>Yoshifumi</u>	SECOND GIVEN NAME
Residence & Citizenship	CITY <u>Kyoto</u>	STATE OR COUNTRY <u>Japan</u> <i>JPX</i>	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP <u>Japan</u>
Post Office Address	ADDRESS <u>F-509, 2-1, Nishinorikyu-cho, Yamashina-ku, Kyoto</u>	CITY	STATE OR COUNTRY <u>607-8345 Japan</u>
Full Name of Second Inventor	FAMILY NAME <u>IITSUKA</u>	FIRST GIVEN NAME <u>Hiroyuki</u>	SECOND GIVEN NAME
Residence & Citizenship	CITY <u>Osaka</u>	STATE OR COUNTRY <u>Japan</u> <i>JPX</i>	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP <u>Japan</u>
Post Office Address	ADDRESS <u>6-25-6, Kisaichi, Katano-shi, Osaka</u>	CITY	STATE OR COUNTRY <u>576-0033 Japan</u>
Full Name of Third Inventor	FAMILY NAME	FIRST GIVEN NAME	SECOND GIVEN NAME
Residence & Citizenship	CITY	STATE OR COUNTRY	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
Post Office Address	ADDRESS	CITY	STATE OR COUNTRY ZIP CODE
Full Name of Fourth Inventor	FAMILY NAME	FIRST GIVEN NAME	SECOND GIVEN NAME
Residence & Citizenship	CITY	STATE OR COUNTRY	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
Post Office Address	ADDRESS	CITY	STATE OR COUNTRY ZIP CODE
Full Name of Fifth Inventor	FAMILY NAME	FIRST GIVEN NAME	SECOND GIVEN NAME
Residence & Citizenship	CITY	STATE OR COUNTRY	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
Post Office Address	ADDRESS	CITY	STATE OR COUNTRY ZIP CODE
Full Name of Sixth Inventor	FAMILY NAME	FIRST GIVEN NAME	SECOND GIVEN NAME
Residence & Citizenship	CITY	STATE OR COUNTRY	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
Post Office Address	ADDRESS	CITY	STATE OR COUNTRY ZIP CODE

I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true, and that all statements on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

1st Inventor Yoshifumi Yanagawa Date October 19, 2000
Yoshifumi YANAGAWA
2nd Inventor Hiroyuki Iitsuka Date October 19, 2000
Hiroyuki IITSUKA
3rd Inventor _____ Date _____
4th Inventor _____ Date _____
5th Inventor _____ Date _____
6th Inventor _____ Date _____

The above application may be more particularly identified as follows:

U.S. Application Serial No. _____ Filing Date September 22, 2000

Applicant Reference Number P-22040-01 Atty Docket No. 2000_1292A

Title of Invention NETWORK CONTROL SYSTEM, AND CONTROLLER, TARGET, AND CONSUMER USED IN THE NETWORK CONTROL SYSTEM